



# Postgraduate Certificate

Clinical Trials

» Modality: online

» Duration: 12 weeks

» Certificate: TECH Technological University

» Dedication: 16h/week

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

Website: www.techtitute.com/pk/pharmacy/postgraduate-certificate/clinical-trials

# Index

> 06 Certificate





## tech 06 | Introduction

The main objective of this Postgraduate Certificate is to educate pharmacists in the field of Clinical Trials. Thus, once this specialization has been completed, the student will have acquired the specific knowledge and skills that will allow them to participate in pharmacological research, contributing all their knowledge and achieving success in their profession.

For this purpose, this educational program addresses the essential concepts to support the complexity at the methodological and semantic level of Clinical Trials, establishing the different categories of this work and giving great importance to the post-marketing research of the products. There will also be a focus on research drug samples and on the regulations in force in this area, with the aim of ensuring that all procedures are carried out in compliance with ethical, legal and good clinical practice standards.

For the development of this Postgraduate Certificate, TECH has a team of high-level professionals, who will offer their students all the experience of their work in research and teaching. All of this makes this Postgraduate Certificate one of the most up to date and complete on the market, and offers the pharmacist a general overview of Clinical Trials, but with special and particular cases in which these investigations have been extremely important and beneficial.

In addition, being 100% online, the student will decide from where and when to study, so that they can combine their study time with their work and private life, and using an innovative multimedia methodology that will make the theoretical part of this training more understandable.

This **Postgraduate Certificate in Clinical Trials** contains the most complete and up-to-date scientific program on the market. The most important features of the program include:

- The development of case studies presented by experts in Clinical Trials
- The graphic, schematic, and practical contents with which they are created, provide scientific and practical information on the disciplines that are essential for professional development
- New developments in Clinical Trials
- Practical exercises where the self-assessment process can be carried out to improve learning
- Special emphasis on innovative methodologies in Clinical Trials
- Theoretical lessons, questions to the expert, debate forums on controversial topics, and individual reflection assignments
- Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an internet connection



Expand your knowledge through this
Postgraduate Certificate that will allow
you to specialize until you achieve
excellence in this field"



This Postgraduate Certificate is the best investment you can make when selecting a refresher program for two reasons: In addition to updating your knowledge of Clinical Trials, you will obtain a qualification endorsed by TECH Technological University"

The teaching staff includes professionals from the Health sector, who bring their experience to this training program, as well as renowned specialists from leading societies and prestigious universities.

Its multimedia content, developed with the latest educational technology, will provide the professional with situated and contextual learning, i.e., a simulated environment that will provide an immersive education programmed to train in real situations.

This program is designed around Problem-Based Learning, whereby the professional must try to solve the different professional practice situations that arise throughout the program. For this purpose, the professional will be assisted by an innovative interactive video system developed by renowned and experienced experts in the field of Clinical Trials.

Do not hesitate to take this specialization with us. You will find the best teaching material with virtual lessons.

This 100% online Postgraduate Certificate will allow you to combine your studies with your professional work while increasing your knowledge in this field.







## tech 10 | Objectives



## **General Objectives**

- Establish the basic structure of a clinical trial
- Justify the difference between different types of clinical trials
- Compile the essential documents and procedures within a clinical trial
- Develop the clinical trial drug circuit from the point of view of the Pharmacy Service
- Analyze a clinical trial in the setting of a Urology Department
- Establish the specific characteristics of Clinical Trials in children and adolescents



Take advantage of the opportunity and take the step to get up to date on the latest developments in Clinical Trials"





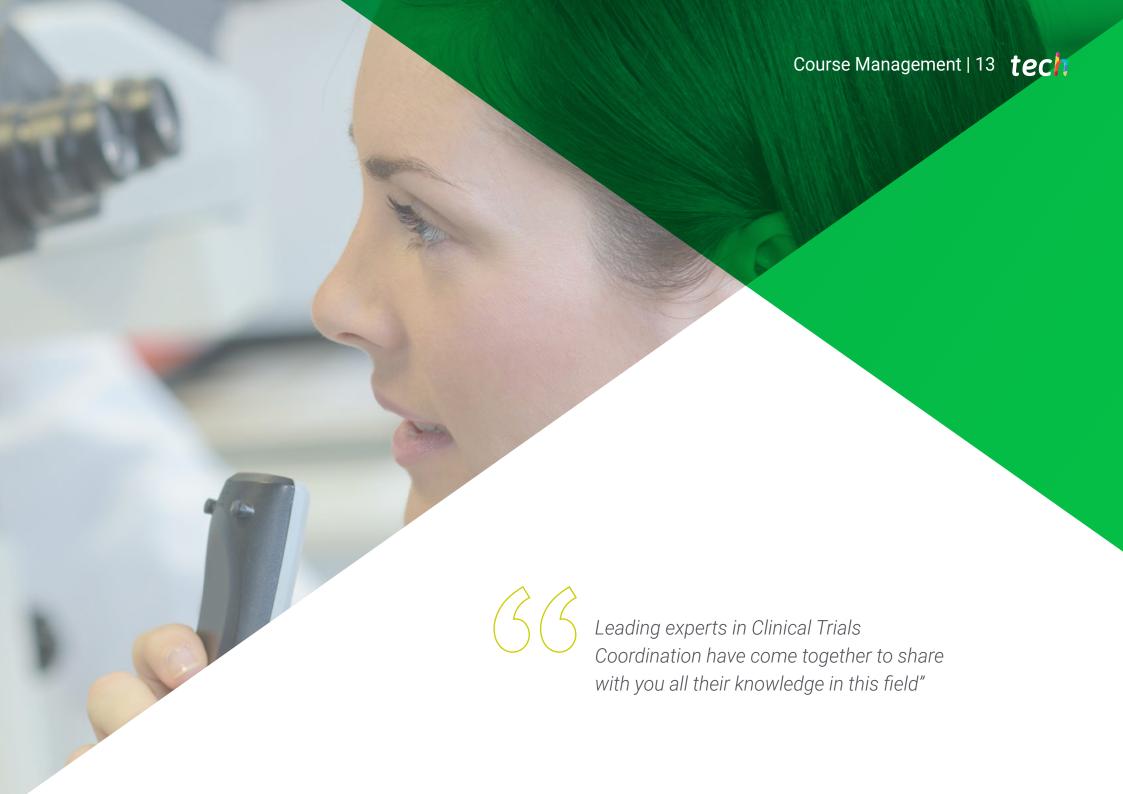


## **Specific Objectives**

- Establish the types of clinical trials and standards of good clinical practice
- Specify the processes of authorization and distinction of drugs and medical devices in research
- Analyze the evolutionary process of drug research development
- Specify strategies for developing a safety surveillance plan for marketed drugs
- Substantiate the necessary requirements for the initiation of research with drugs in humans
- Establish the elements of a clinical trial research protocol
- Substantiate the difference between inferiority and non-inferiority clinical trials.
- Compile the essential documents and procedures within a clinical trial
- Specify the utility and learn the use of data collection notebooks (DCNs)
- Analyze the variety of avenues for the development and funding of non-commercial research
- Disclose the types of fraud committed in clinical trials research.
- Specify the different activities related to sample management (reception, dispensing, custody, etc.) in which the Pharmacy team is involved
- Establish the procedures and techniques involved in the safe handling of samples during their preparation
- Analyze the development of a clinical trial through the vision and participation of the hospital pharmacist
- Compile the specific characteristics of clinical trials in children and adolescents from a legal point of view
- Detail informed consent
- Know the physiological differences between children and adults







## tech 14 | Course Management

## Management



## Dr. Gallego Lago, Vicente

- Doctoral studies with the qualification of Outstanding
- Honors Degree in Pharmacy from the Complutense University of Madrid
- Resident Internal Pharmacist Examination (F.I.R) obtaining the No. 1 in this selective test
- Resident Internal Pharmacist (F.I.R) of the Pharmacy Service of the "12 de Octubre" Hospital. Madric

### **Professors**

### Dr Cano Armenteros Montserrat

- Master'a Degree in Clinical Trials University of Seville
- Official Professional Master's Degree in Primary Care Research by the Miguel Hernández University of Alicante for the Doctorate Outstanding. Recognition from the University of Chicago
- Certificate of Pedagogical Aptitude (CAP) University of Alicante
- Bachelor's Degree in Biology. University of Alicante

### Ms. Díaz García, Marta

- Degree in Social and Cultural Anthropology from the UCM, Certificate in Nursing from the University of Extremadura
- Master's Degree in Health Care Research at UCM
- Master's Degree in Pharmacology from the Distance University of Valencia
- Nurse of Pneumology, Endocrinology and Rheumatology at the 12 de Octubre University Hospital in Madrid
- Researcher in FIS project "Circadian health in patients admitted to intensive care and hospitalization units"

### D. Moreno Muñoz, Guillermo

- Degree in Nursing from the Complutense University of Madrid (UCM)
- Master's Degree in Research Methodology in Health Care from the UCM
- Postgraduate Diploma in Nurse Prescription by the Distance University of Madrid UDIMA).
- Coordinator of Clinical Trials and Observational Studies in the Cardiology Intensive Care Unit of the Cardiology Service of the 12 de Octubre Hospital
- Collaborating Professor of Pharmacology and Nurse Prescription of the Department of Nursing, Physiotherapy and Podiatry of the UCM

### D. Nieves Sedano, Marcos

- Degree in Pharmacy Complutense University, Madrid, Spain
- Postgraduate Certificate in Statistics in Health Sciences. Autonomous University of Barcelona
- Specialist in Hospital Pharmacy. 12 de Octubre University Hospital
- Area Specialist (Onco-hematological Clinical Trials). Research Pharmacist. Intensive Care Medicine. Research Pharmacist

### Ms. Ochoa Parra, Nuria

- Degree in Pharmacy from the Complutense University of Madrid
- Master's Degree in Clinical Trials from the University of Seville
- D. candidate from the University of Granada
- Coordinator of clinical trials and observational studies in the Multidisciplinary Unit of Pulmonary Hypertension of the Cardiology Department of the 12 de Octubre Hospital

### D. Rojo Conejo, Pablo

- Specialist in pediatrics, with subspecialty in pediatric infectious diseases
- Head of the Pediatric Infectious Diseases Section at the 12 de Octubre Hospital
- Member of the coordination team of the Pediatric Trials Unit
- Associate Professor at the Complutense University





## tech 18 | Structure and Content

### Module 1. Clinical Trials (I)

- 1.1. Clinical Trials. Fundamental Concepts I
  - 1.1.1. Introduction
  - 1.1.2. Definition of clinical trial (CT)
  - 1.1.3. History of Clinical Trials
  - 1.1.4. Clinical Research
  - 1.1.5. Parties Involved in CTs
  - 1.1.6. Conclusions
- 1.2. Clinical Trials. Fundamental Concepts II
  - 1.2.1. Standards of Good Clinical Practice
  - 1.2.2. Clinical Trial Protocol and Annexes
  - 1.2.3. Pharmacoeconomic Assessment
  - 1.2.4. Aspects that Could Be Improved in Clinical Trials
- 1.3. Clinical Trials Classification
  - 1.3.1. Clinical Trials According to their Purpose
  - 1.3.2. Clinical Trials According to the Scope of Research
  - 1.3.3. Clinical Trials Methodology
  - 1.3.4. Treatment Groups
  - 1.3.5. Clinical Trials Masking
  - 1.3.6. Treatment Assignment
- 1.4. Phase I Clinical Trials
  - 1.4.1. Introduction
  - 1.4.2. Phase I Clinical Trials Characteristics
  - 1.4.3. Phase I Clinical Trials Design
    - 1.4.3.1. Single Dose Trials
    - 1.4.3.2. Multiple Dose Trials
    - 1.4.3.3. Pharmacodynamic Studies
    - 1.4.3.4. Pharmacokinetic Studies
    - 1.4.3.5. Bioavailability and Bioequivalence Studies
  - 1.4.4. Phase I Units
  - 1.4.5. Conclusions
- 1.5. Post-Authorization Studies Types of Design and Procedures
  - 1.5.1. Concept
  - 1.5.2. Justification and Objectives
  - 1.5.3. Medical History





## Structure and Content | 19 tech

- 1.5.4. Classification According Objectives and Design
  - 1.5.4.1. Security/safety
  - 1.5.4.2. Drug Utilization Studies (DUS)
  - 1.5.4.3. Pharmacoeconomic Studies
- 1.5.5. Administrative Procedures for Observational Post-Authorization Studies (PAS)
- 1.5.6. Other Information of Interest
- 1.5.7. Conclusions
- 1.6. Equivalence and Non-Inferiority Cts (I)
  - 1.6.1. Equivalence and Non-Inferiority Clinical Trials
    - 1.6.1.1. Introduction
    - 1.6.1.2. Justification
    - 1.6.1.3. Therapeutic Equivalence and Bioequivalence
    - 1.6.1.4. Concept of Therapeutic Equivalence and Non-Inferiority
    - 1.6.1.5. Objectives
    - 1.6.1.6. Basic Statistical Aspects
    - 1.6.1.7. Intermediate Data Tracking
    - 1.6.1.8. Quality of Equivalence and Non-Inferiority RCTs
    - 1.6.1.9. Ethical Aspects
    - 1.6.1.10. Post-Equivalence
  - 1.6.2. Conclusions
- 1.7. Equivalence and Non-Inferiority CTs (II)
  - 1.7.1. Therapeutic Equivalence in Clinical Practice
    - 1.7.1.1. Level 1: Direct Trials Between 2 Drugs, with Equivalence or Non-Inferiority Design
    - 1.7.1.2. Level 2: Direct Trials Between 2 Drugs, with Statistically Significant Differences, but without Clinical Relevance
    - 1.7.1.3. Level 3: Not Statistically Significant Trials
    - 1.7.1.4. Level 4: Different Trials vs. a Third Common Denominator
    - 1.7.1.5. Level 5: Trials vs. Different Comparators and Observational Studies
    - 1.7.1.6. Supporting Documentation: Reviews, Clinical Practice Guidelines, Recommendations, Expert Opinion, Clinical Judgment
  - 1.7.2. Conclusions
- 1.8. Guidelines for the Development of a Clinical Trial Protocol
  - 1.8.1. Summary
  - 1.8.2. Index
  - 1.8.3. General Information
  - 1.8.4. Justification

## tech 20 | Structure and Content

1.9.

1.10.

	1.8.5.	Hypothesis and Objectives of the Trial			
	1.8.6.	Trial Design			
	1.8.7.	Selection and Withdrawal of Subjects			
	1.8.8.	Treatment of Subjects			
	1.8.9.	Efficacy Assessment			
	1.8.10.	Safety Assessment			
		1.8.10.1. Adverse Events			
		1.8.10.2. Adverse Events Management			
		1.8.10.3. Notification of Adverse Events			
	1.8.11.	Statistics			
	1.8.12.	Ethical Aspects			
	1.8.13.	Information and Consent			
	1.8.14.	Financing and Insurance			
	1.8.15.	Publication Policy			
	1.8.16.	Conclusions			
Non-Protocol Administrative Aspects of Clinical Trials					
	1.9.1.	Documentation Required for the Start of the Trial			
	1.9.2.	Subject Identification, Recruitment and Selection Records			
	1.9.3.	Source Documents			
	1.9.4.	Data Collection Notebooks (DCNs)			
	1.9.5.	Monitoring			
	1.9.6.	Conclusions			
	Data Co	llection Notebooks (DCNs)			
	1.10.1.	Definition			
	1.10.2.	Function			
	1.10.3.	Importance and Confidentiality			
		Types of Data Collection Notebooks			
	1.10.5.	Elaboration of the Data Collection Notebook			
		1.10.5.1. Types of Data			
		1.10.5.2. Order			
		1.10.5.3. Graphic Design			
		1.10.5.4. Filling in the Data			
		1.10.5.5. Recommendations			
	1.10.6.	Conclusions			

### Module 2. Clinical Trials (II)

- 2.1. Involvement of the Pharmacy Service in the Realization of Clinical Trials Sample Management (I)
  - 2.1.1. Manufacturing/Importation
  - 2.1.2. Acquisition
  - 2.1.3. Reception
    - 2.1.3.1. Shipment Verification
    - 2.1.3.2. Label Checking
    - 2.1.3.3. Shipment Confirmation
    - 2.1.3.4. Entry Registration
  - 2.1.4. Custody/Storage
    - 2.1.4.1. Expiration Control
    - 2.1.4.2. Relabeling
    - 2.1.4.3. Temperature Control
  - 2.1.5. Sample Prescription Request
  - 2.1.6. Medical Prescription Validation
  - 2.1.7. Dispensing
    - 2.1.7.1. Dispensing Procedure
    - 2.1.7.2. Checking Storage Conditions and Expiration Date
    - 2.1.7.3. Dispensing Act
    - 2.1.7.4. CheckOut
- 2.2. Involvement of the Pharmacy Service in the Realization of Clinical Trials Sample Management (II)
  - 2.2.1. Preparation/Conditioning
    - 2.2.1.1. Introduction
    - 2.2.1.2. Current Legislation Regulations
    - 2.2.1.3. Exposure Routes and Handler Protection
    - 2.2.1.4. Centralized Preparation Unit
    - 2.2.1.5. Installations
    - 2.2.1.6. Individual Protection Equipment
    - 2.2.1.7. Closed Systems and Handling Equipment
    - 2.2.1.8. Technical Aspects of Preparation
    - 2.2.1.9. Cleaning Standards
    - 2.2.1.10. Waste Treatment in the Preparation Area
    - 2.2.1.11. Actions in Case of Spill and/or Accidental Exposure

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	2.2.2.	Accounting/Inventory	
	2.2.3.	Return/Destruction	
	2.2.4.	Reports and Statistics	
2.3.	<ol> <li>Involvement of the Pharmacy Service in the Realization of Clinical Trials Role of Pharmacist</li> </ol>		
	2.3.1.	Visits Manager	
		2.3.1.1. Preselection Visit	
		2.3.1.2. Initiation Visit	
		2.3.1.3. Monitoring Visit	
		2.3.1.4. Audits and Inspections	
		2.3.1.5. Closing Visit	
		2.3.1.6. Archive	
	2.3.2.	Member of the Ethics Committee	
	2.3.3.	Clinical-Research Activity	
	2.3.4.	Teaching Activity	
	2.3.5.	Process Auditor	
		2.3.5.1. Situation of the Hospital Pharmacy Service (HPS) and CT Units	
	2.3.6.	Complexity of CTs	
	2.3.7.	CTs as Sustainability the Health Care System	
2.4.	Clinica	Trials in the Hospital Urology Service (I)	
	2.4.1.	Basic Principles of Urologic Pathology Related to Clinical Trials	
		2.4.1.1. Non-Oncologic Urologic Pathology	
		2.4.1.1.1. Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy	
		2.4.1.1.2. Urinary Infection	
		2.4.1.1.3. Erectile Dysfunction	
		2.4.1.1.4. Hypogonadism.	
		2.4.1.2. Oncologic Urologic Pathology	
		2.4.1.2.1. Bladder Tumors	
		2.4.1.2.2. Prostate Cancer	
	2.4.2.	Background and Rationale for Clinical Trials in Urology	
		2.4.2.1. Foundation	
		2.4.2.2. Medical history	
		2.4.2.3. Placebo Rationale	
		2.4.2.4. Name and Mechanism of Action of the Investigational Product	
		2.4.2.5. Conclusions from Previous Studies in Humans	

		2.4.2.6.2. Medication Management Guidelines at Home
		2.4.2.6.3. Overdosage/Infradosification
		2.4.2.7. Double-Blind/Open Study
	2.4.3.	Objectives and Assessment Criteria of the Study
		2.4.3.1. Study Objectives
		2.4.3.1.1. Safety Objective
		2.4.3.1.2. Exploratory Objectives
		Study Evaluation Criteria
		2.4.3.2.1. Main Efficacy Assessment Criteria
		2.4.3.2.2. Secondary Efficacy Assessment Criteria
		Research Plan
	2.4.5.	Preselection of Candidates for Clinical Trials
		Study Procedures by Period
2.5.	Clinical	Trials in the Urology Service (II)
	2.5.1.	Patient Retention
		2.5.1.1. Post-Treatment Monitoring Visits
		2.5.1.2. Long-Term Monitoring Visits
	2.5.2.	Safety Assessments
		2.5.2.1. Adverse Effects Management
		2.5.2.2. SAEs Management
		2.5.2.3. Assigned Treatment Emergency Unblinding
	2.5.3.	Study Administration
		2.5.3.1. Dose-Limiting Toxicities
		2.5.3.2. Interrupting the Treatment
	2.5.4.	Researchers Obligations
		2.5.4.1. Regulatory Compliance and Ethics
	0.5.5	2.5.4.2. Informed Consent
	2.5.5.	Quality Control and Compliance
		2.5.5.1. Authorization of Subjects Protected Health Information
		2.5.5.2. Retention of Study Records and Files 2.5.5.3. Data Collection Notebooks
		2.5.5.4. Protocol Amendments
	256	Z.5.5.4. Protocol Amendments  Conclusions
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2.4.2.6. Benefits and Risks of Study Medication 2.4.2.6.1. Dosage and Administration

## tech 22 | Structure and Content

2.6.	Approval of a Clinical Trial to the Urology Service Steps to Follow Trial Conclusion		
	2.6.1.	Feasibility	
	2.6.2.	Preselection Visit	
		2.6.2.1. Main Investigators Role	
		2.6.2.2. Logistics and Hospital Resources	
	2.6.3.	Documentation	
	2.6.4.	Initiation Visit	
	2.6.5.	Source Document	
		2.6.5.1. Patient's Clinical History	
		2.6.5.2. Hospital Reports	
	2.6.6.	Vendors	
		2.6.6.1. Interactive Web Response Systems (IWRS)	
		2.6.6.2. Electronic Case Report Form (eCRF)	
		2.6.6.3. Images	
		2.6.6.4. Suspected Unexpected Serious Adverse Reactions (SUSARs)	
		2.6.6.5. Accounting	
	2.6.7.	Training	
	2.6.8.	Delegation of Functions	
	2.6.9.	Visit to Other Services Involved	
	2.6.10.	Closing the Trial	
2.7.	General	Information about Clinical Trials in Children and Adolescents	
	2.7.1.	History of Clinical Trials in Children	
	2.7.2.	Informed Consent	
2.8.	Clinical Trials in Adolescents		
	2.8.1.	Adolescent Clinical Trials Practical Features	
	2.8.2.	New Approaches to Adolescent Trials	
2.9.	Clinical	Trials in Children	
	2.9.1.	Specific Physiological Characteristics of the Child	
		Children Clinical Trials	
2.10.	Clinical Trials in Neonatal		

2.10.1. Specific Physiological Characteristics the Neonatal

2.10.2. Neonatal Clinical Trials







This will provide key training to advance your career"

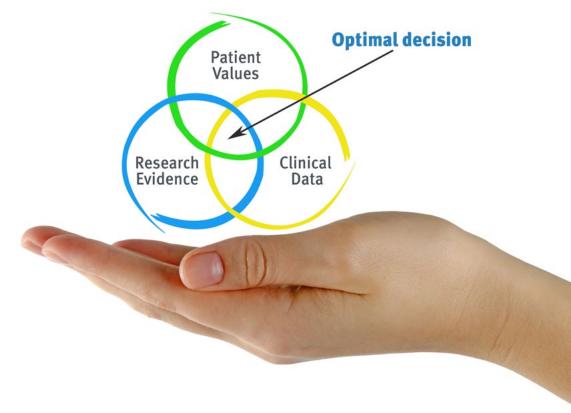


## tech 26 | Methodology

### At TECH we use the Case Method

What should a professional do in a given situation? Throughout the program, students will be confronted with multiple simulated clinical cases based on real patients, in which they will have to investigate, establish hypotheses and ultimately, resolve the situation. There is an abundance of scientific evidence on the effectiveness of the method. Pharmacists learn better, more quickly and more sustainably over time.

With TECH you will experience a way of learning that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world.



According to Dr. Gérvas, the clinical case is the annotated presentation of a patient, or group of patients, which becomes a "case", an example or model that illustrates some peculiar clinical component, either because of its teaching power or because of its uniqueness or rarity. It is essential that the case is based on current professional life, attempting to recreate the actual conditions in a pharmacist's professional practice.



Did you know that this method was developed in 1912, at Harvard, for law students? The case method consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make decisions and justify their decisions on how to solve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method"

### The effectiveness of the method is justified by four fundamental achievements:

- 1. Pharmacists who follow this method not only grasp concepts, but also develop their mental capacity, by evaluating real situations and applying their knowledge.
- 2. Learning is solidly translated into practical skills that allow the student to better integrate into the real world.
- 3. Ideas and concepts are understood more efficiently, given that the example situations are based on real-life.
- 4. Students like to feel that the effort they put into their studies is worthwhile. This then translates into a greater interest in learning and more time dedicated to working on the course.





### Relearning Methodology

At TECH we enhance the case method with the best 100% online teaching methodology available: Relearning.

Our University is the first in the world to combine the study of clinical cases with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, combining a minimum of 8 different elements in each lesson, which represent a real revolution with respect to simply studying and analyzing cases.

Pharmacists will learn through real cases and by solving complex situations in simulated learning environments. These simulations are developed using state-of-the-art software to facilitate immersive learning.



## Methodology | 29 tech

At the forefront of world teaching, the Relearning method has managed to improve the overall satisfaction levels of professionals who complete their studies, with respect to the quality indicators of the best online university (Columbia University).

With this methodology, more than 115,000 pharmacists have been trained with unprecedented success in all clinical specialties, regardless of the surgical load. This pedagogical methodology is developed in a highly demanding environment, with a university student body with a high socioeconomic profile and an average age of 43.5 years.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your specialization, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation to success.

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically.

The overall score obtained by TECH's learning system is 8.01, according to the highest international standards.

## tech 30 | Methodology

This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



### **Study Material**

All teaching material is created specifically for the course by specialist pharmacists who will be teaching the course, so that educational development is highly specific and accurate.

These contents are then adapted in audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high-quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



### **Video Techniques and Procedures**

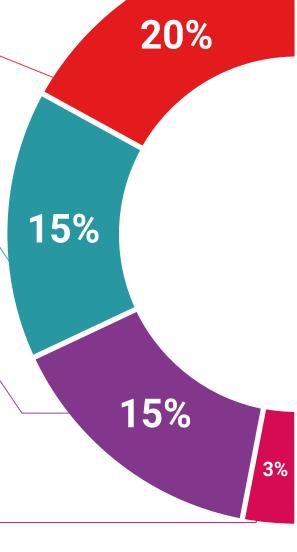
TECH introduces students to the latest techniques, to the latest educational advances, to the forefront of current pharmaceutical care procedures. All of this, first hand, and explained and detailed with precision to contribute to assimilation and a better understanding. And best of all, students can watch them as many times as they want.



### **Interactive Summaries**

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.

This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".





### **Additional Reading**

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.



Effective learning ought to be contextual. Therefore, we will present you with real case developments in which the expert will guide you through focusing on and solving the different situations: a clear and direct way to achieve the highest degree of understanding.

### **Testing & Retesting**



We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.

### Classes



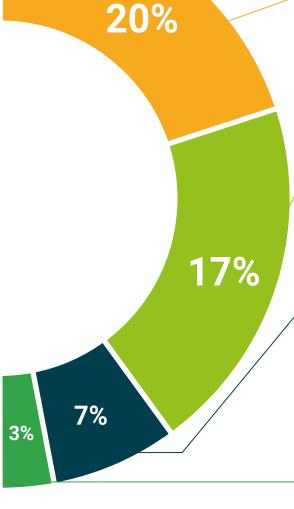
There is scientific evidence on the usefulness of learning by observing experts.

The system known as Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.

### **Quick Action Guides**



TECH offers the most relevant contents of the course in the form of worksheets or quick action guides. A synthetic, practical, and effective way to help students progress in their learning.







## tech 34 | Certificate

This Postgraduate Certificate in Clinical Trials contains the most complete and up-todate scientific program on the market.

After the student has passed the assessments, they will receive their corresponding Postgraduate Certificate issued by TECH Technological University via tracked delivery\*.

The certificate issued by **TECH Technological University** will reflect the qualification obtained in the **Postgraduate Certificate**, and meets the requirements commonly demanded by labor exchanges, competitive examinations and professional career evaluation committees.

Title: Postgraduate Certificate in Clinical Trials

Official No of hours: 300 h.



### Clinical Trials

This is a qualification awarded by this University, equivalent to 300 hours, with a start date of dd/mm/yyyy and an end date of dd/mm/yyyy.

TECH is a Private Institution of Higher Education recognized by the Ministry of Public Education as of June 28, 2018.

<sup>\*</sup>Apostille Convention. In the event that the student wishes to have their paper certificate issued with an apostille, TECH EDUCATION will make the necessary arrangements to obtain it, at an additional cost.



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- » Modality: online
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