



Postgraduate Certificate

HACCP System Implementation

» Modality: online

» Duration: 12 weeks

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Credits: 12 ECTS

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

 $We b site: {\color{blue}www.techtitute.com/us/nutrition/postgraduate-certificate/h-a-c-c-p-system-implementation}$

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tech 06 | Introduction

This program in HACCP System Implementation is a unique opportunity for students to acquire specialized knowledge in the field of food production and processing, as well as the particularities that each type of food has at the time of its handling. With this in mind, participants will explore the technical fundamentals of conducting a good Hazard Analysis within the food production chain in order to ensure food safety and quality.

This will be possible thanks to the complete syllabus of the program, which will provide the definition of the concepts related to the composition of each kind of food of vegetable and animal origin, with the objective of recognizing the risks to which they can be subjected and the application of the appropriate technique to mitigate them. In addition, food safety will be studied in depth, which will be based on the recognition of the critical points of the production chain, as these will allow the student to integrate the appropriate strategies to prevent accidents or bad handling practices.

This program is offered through the innovative Relearning methodology, which allows 100% online study, giving students the flexibility to learn from anywhere and at any time that suits them. In addition, they will have access to multimedia resources 24 hours a day, allowing them to assimilate the content at their own pace. In addition, through the analysis of practical cases, participants will develop problem-solving skills by facing simulated situations in a realistic environment.

This **Postgraduate Certificate in HACCP System Implementation** contains the most complete and up-to-date scientific program on the market. The most important features include:

- The development of case studies presented by experts in HACCP System Implementation
- The graphic, schematic, and practical contents with which they are created, provide scientific and practical information on the disciplines that are essential for professional practice
- Practical exercises where self-assessment can be used to improve learning
- Its special emphasis on innovative methodologies
- Theoretical lessons, questions to the expert, debate forums on controversial topics, and individual reflection assignments
- Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an Internet connection



A program designed for those professionals who are looking to achieve success within the Food Industry"



from leading societies and prestigious universities.

Once you complete this program, you will be able to open up new job opportunities and increase your economic expectations"

The program's teaching staff includes professionals from the sector who contribute their work experience to this educational program, as well as renowned specialists

Its multimedia content, developed with the latest educational technology, will provide the professional with situated and contextual learning, i.e., a simulated environment that will provide an immersive education programmed to learn in real situations.

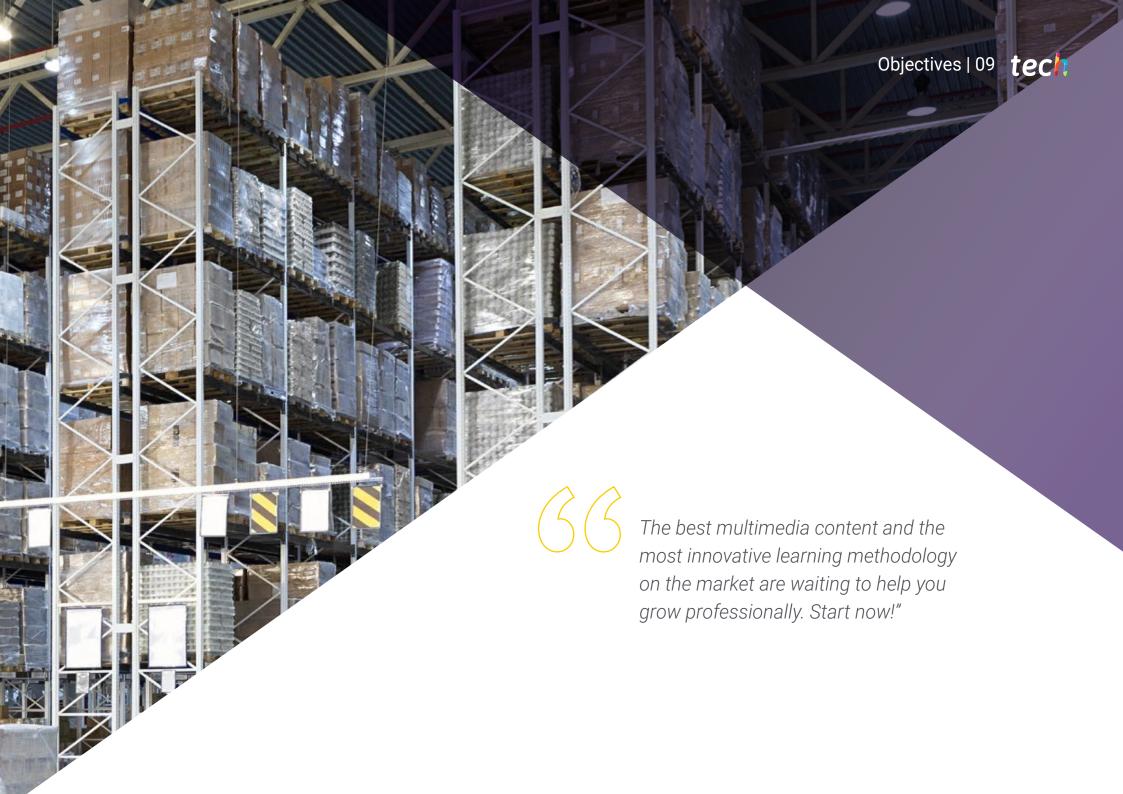
The design of this program focuses on Problem-Based Learning, by means of which the professional must try to solve the different professional practice situations that are presented throughout the academic course. For this purpose, the student will be assisted by an innovative interactive video system created by renowned experts.

Learning at your own pace is a reality thanks to the methodology of this program. Start now and be part of the professionals of the future.

Ensure your professional success by enrolling in this Postgraduate Certificate and stand out in the Food Industry.







tech 10 | Objectives



General Objectives

- Recognize the levels of organization of prokaryotic and eukaryotic microorganisms, as well as relate their main structures to their function
- Understand the basis of microbial pathogenicity, and the defense mechanisms of the human body against existing pathogens
- Identify the main techniques and strategies for the inhibition, destruction or elimination of microbial populations
- Know and interrelate the main mechanisms of genetic exchange in microorganisms and their application in food biotechnology



Reinforce the concepts necessary to identify and manage food risks, thanks to the innovative Relearning methodology"





Specific Objectives

- Control and optimize processes and products in the food industry.
 Food manufacturing and preservation
- Develop new processes and products
- Know the industrial processes of food transformation and preservation, as well as packaging and storage technologies
- Discover the particular transformation and preservation processes of the main types of food industries
- Identify process and product control and optimization systems applied to the main types of food industries
- Apply knowledge of transformation and conservation processes to the development of new processes and products
- Identify and interpret the requirements of the food safety management standard (UNE EN ISO 22000) for its subsequent application and evaluation in food chain operators
- Develop, implement, evaluate and maintain appropriate hygiene practices, food safety and risk control systems
- Participate in the design, organization and management of different food services
- Collaborate in the implementation of quality systems
- Evaluate, control and manage aspects of traceability in the food supply chain
- Contribute towards consumer protection within the framework of food safety and quality







tech 18 | Structure and Content

Module 1. Food Industry

- 1.1. Cereals and by-products I
 - 1.1.1. Cereals: production and consumption
 - 1.1.1.1.Classification of cereals
 - 1.1.1.2. Current state of research and industrial situation
 - 1.1.2. Cereal grain basics
 - 1.1.2.1.1.Methods and equipment for the characterization of flours and doughs Rheological properties during kneading, proofing and baking
 - 1.1.3. Cereal products: Ingredients, additives and coadjuvants. Classification and effects
- 1.2. Cereals and by-products II
 - 1.2.1. Baking process: Stages, changes produced and equipment used
 - 1.2.2. Instrumental, sensory and nutritional characterization of cereal-derived products from cereals
 - 1.2.3. Application of cold in the bakery. Frozen precooked breads. Process and product quality
 - 1.2.4. Gluten-free products derived from cereals. Formulation, process and quality characteristics
 - 1.2.5. Food pastes. Ingredients and process. Types of pastes
 - 1.2.6. Innovation in bakery products. Trends in product design
- 1.3. Milk and dairy products. Eggs and egg products I
 - 1.3.1. Hygienic-sanitary milk quality
 - $1.3.1.1.1. \ Origin \ and \ levels \ of \ contamination. \ Initial \ and \ contaminating \ microbiota$
 - 1.3.1.2. Presence of chemical contaminants: residues and pollutants
 - 1.3.1.3.Influence of hygiene in the milk production and marketing chain of milk
 - 1.3.2. Dairy production. Milk synthesis
 - 1.3.2.1. Factors influencing milk composition: extrinsic and intrinsic factors 1.3.2.2.2. Milking: good process practices
 - 1.3.3. On-farm milk pretreatment: filtration, refrigeration and alternative preservation methods
 - 1.3.4. Treatments in the dairy industry: clarification and bactofugation, skimming, standardization, homogenization, deaeration. Pasteurization. Definition
 - 1.3.4.1.Types of pasteurizers. Packaging. Quality Control Sterilization. Definition
 - 1.3.4.2.Methods: conventional, UHT, other systems. Packaging. Quality control Manufacturing defects
 - 1.3.4.3. Types of pasteurized and sterilized milk. Milk selection. Milkshakes and flavored milks. Mixing process. Enriched milks. Enrichment process 1.3.4.4. Evaporated milk. Condensed milk

- 1.3.5. Preservation and packaging systems
- 1.3.6. Quality control of powdered milk
- 1.3.7. Milk packaging and quality control systems
- 1.4. Milk and dairy products. Eggs and egg products I
 - 1.4.1. Dairy Derivatives. Creams and Butters
 - 1.4.2. Elaboration process. Continuous manufacturing methods. Packaging and preservation. Manufacturing defects and alterations
 - 1.4.3. Fermented milks: Yogurt. Milk preparatory treatments. Manufacturing processes and systems
 - $1.4.3.1. \\ Tipos \ de \ yogurt. \ Problems \ in \ the \ elaboration. \ Quality \ Control$
 - 1.4.3.2.BIO products and other acidophilic milks
 - 1.4.4. Cheese making technology: preparatory milk treatments
 - 1.4.4.1.1. Obtaining the curd: syneresis. Pressed. Salado
 - 1.4.4.2.2. Water activity in cheese. Brine control and conservation
 - 1.4.4.3. Cheese ripening: agents involved. Factors that determine maturation. Effects of contaminating biota
 - 1.4.4.4. Toxicological problems of cheese
 - 1.4.5. Additives and antifungal treatments
 - 1.4.6. Ice cream. Features. Types of ice cream. Elaboration processes
 - 1.4.7. Eggs and egg products
 - 1.4.7.1.Fresh egg: processing of fresh egg as a raw material for the production of egg products
 - 1.4.7.2. Egg products: liquid, frozen and dehydrated
- 1.5. Vegetable products I
 - 5.1. Physiology and postharvest technology. Introduction
 - 1.5.2. Fruit and vegetable production, the need for postharvest conservation
 - 1.5.3. Respiration: respiratory metabolism and its influence on postharvest preservation and deterioration of vegetables
 - 1.5.4. Ethylene: synthesis and metabolism. Involvement of ethylene in the regulation of fruit ripening
 - .5.5. Fruit ripening: The maturation process, generalities and its control
 - 1.5.5.1.Climacteric and non-climacteric maturation
 - 1.5.5.2.Compositional changes: physiological and biochemical changes during ripening and preservation of fruits and vegetables

Structure and Content | 19 tech

1.6. Vegetable Products II

- 1.6.1. Principle of fruit and vegetable preservation by the control of ambient gases Mode of action and its applications in the preservation of fruits and vegetables
- 1.6.2. Refrigerated storage. Temperature control in the preservation of fruits and vegetables
 - 1.6.2.1. Technological methods and applications
 - 1.6.2.2.2.Cold damage and its control
- 1.6.3. Transpiration: control of water loss in fruit and vegetable preservation 1.6.3.1.Physical principles. Control systems
- 1.6.4. Postharvest pathology: main deteriorations and rots during fruit and vegetable preservation. Control systems and methods
- 1.6.5. IV Range Products
 - 1.6.5.1.Physiology of plant products: handling and preservation technologies and conservation

1.7. Vegetable Products III

- 1.7.1. Preparation of canned vegetables: Overview of a typical canning line for vegetables
 - 1.7.1.1.Examples of the main types of canned vegetables and legumes
 - 1.7.1.2. New products of vegetable origin: cold soups
 - 1.7.1.4. General description of a typical fruit packaging line
- 1.7.2. Juice and nectar processing: juice extraction and juice treatments
 - 1.7.2.1. Aseptic processing, storage and packaging systems
 - 1.7.2.2.Examples of production lines for the main types of juices
 - 1.7.2.3. Obtaining and preserving semi-finished products: cremogenates
- 1.7.3. Production of jams, jellies and jams: production and packaging process
 - 1.7.3.1. examples of characteristic processing lines
 - 1.7.3.2.Additives used in the manufacture of jams and marmalades

1.8. Alcoholic beverages and oils

- 1.8.1. Alcoholic beverages: Wine. Elaboration process
 - 1.8.1.1.1.Beer: brewing process. Types
 - 1.8.1.2. Spirits and liquors: Manufacturing processes and types
- 1.8.2. Oils and fats: Introduction
 - 1.8.2.1. Olive oil: Olive oil extraction system
 - 1.8.2.2.2. Oilseed oils. Extraction
- 1.8.3. Animal fats: Refining of fats and oils

1.9. Meat and meat by-products

- 1.9.1. Meat industry: Production and consumption
- 1.9.2. Classification and functional properties of muscle proteins: Myofibrillar, sarcoplasmic and stromal proteins
 - 1.9.2.1. Muscle to meat conversion: porcine stress syndrome
- .9.3. Maturation of meat. factors affecting the quality of meat for direct consumption and industrialization
- 1.9.4. Curing chemistry: ingredients, additives and curing aids
 - 1.9.4.1.Industrial curing processes: dry and wet curing process
 - 1.9.4.2.2. Nitrite Alternatives
- 1.9.5. Raw and raw marinated meat products: fundamentals and problems of preservation. Characteristics of raw materials
 - 1.9.5.1. Types of products. Manufacturing operations
 - 1.9.5.2. Alterations and defects
- 1.9.6. Cooked sausages and cooked hams: basic principles of meat emulsion preparation. Characteristics and selection of raw materials
 - 1.9.6.1.Technological manufacturing operations. Industrial systems
 - 1.9.6.2. Alterations and defects

1.10. Seafood

- 1.10.1. Fish and seafood. Features of technological interest
- 1.10.2. Main industrial fishing and shellfishing gears
 - 1.10.2.1. Unit operations in fish technology
 - 1.10.2.2.2.Cold storage of fish
- 1.10.3. Salting, pickling, drying and smoking: technological aspects of manufacture
 - 1.10.3.1.1. Final product characteristics. Performance
- 1.10.4. Marketing

Module 2. Quality and Food Safety Management

- 2.1. Food Safety and Consumer Protection
 - 2.1.1. Definition and Basic Concepts
 - 2.1.2. Quality and Food Safety Evolution
 - 2.1.3. Situation in Developing and Developed Countries
 - 2.1.4. Key agencies and authorities for food safety: structures and functions
 - 2.1.5. Food fraud and food hoaxes: the role of the media of the media

tech 18 | Structure and Content

| 2.2. | Facilities, Premises and Equipment | | | | | |
|------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | 2.2.1. | Site Selection: Design and Construction and Materials | | | | |
| | 2.2.2. | Premises, Facilities and Equipment Maintenance Plan | | | | |
| | 2.2.3. | Applicable Regulations | | | | |
| 2.3. | Cleaning and Disinfection Plan (L + D) | | | | | |
| | 2.3.1. | Components of the dirt | | | | |
| | 2.3.2. | Detergents and Disinfectants: Composition and Functions | | | | |
| | 2.3.3. | Cleaning and Disinfection Stages | | | | |
| | 2.3.4. | Cleaning and Disinfection Programming | | | | |
| | 2.3.5. | Current Regulations | | | | |
| 2.4. | Pest Control | | | | | |
| | 2.4.1. | Pest Control and Disinfestation (Plan D + D) | | | | |
| | 2.4.2. | Pests Associated with the Food Chain | | | | |
| | 2.4.3. | Preventive Measures for Pest Control | | | | |
| | | 2.4.3.1.Traps and traps for mammals and ground insects | | | | |
| | | 2.4.3.2.Traps and traps for flying insects | | | | |
| 2.5. | Traceability Plan and Good Manipulation Practices (GMP) | | | | | |
| | 2.5.1. | Structure of a Traceability Plan | | | | |
| | 2.5.2. | Current regulations associated with traceability | | | | |
| | 2.5.3. | GMP Associated with Food Processing | | | | |
| | | 2.5.3.1.Food handlers | | | | |
| | | 2.5.3.2.Requirements that must be met | | | | |
| | | 2.5.3.3.3. Hygiene Training Plans | | | | |
| 2.6. | Components of Food Safety Management | | | | | |
| | 2.6.1. | Water as an Essential Element in the Food Chain | | | | |
| | 2.6.2. | Biological and Chemical Agents Associated with Water | | | | |
| | 2.6.3. | Quantifiable Elements of Water Quality, Safety and Use | | | | |
| | 2.6.4. | Supplier Certification | | | | |
| | | 2.6.4.1. Supplier Control Plan | | | | |
| | | 2.6.4.2.Associated regulations in force | | | | |
| | 2.6.5. | Food Labeling | | | | |
| | | 2.6.5.1.Consumer information and allergen labeling | | | | |
| | | 2.6.5.2.Labeling of Genetically Modified Organisms | | | | |





Structure and Content | 19 tech

| 2.7. | Food | Crisis | and A | Associated | Policies |
|------|------|--------|-------|------------|----------|
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- 2.7.1. Food Crisis Causes
- 2.7.2. Food Security Crisis Scope, Management, and Response
- 2.7.3. Alert Communication Systems
- 2.7.4. Policies and Strategies for Improving Food Quality and Safety

2.8. HACCP plan design

- 2.8.1. General Guidelines to be Followed for its Implementation: Underlying Principles and Prerequisite Program
- 2.8.2. Management Commitment
- 2.8.3. HACCP equipment configuration
- 2.8.4. Description of the Product and Identification of its Intended Use
- 2.8.5. Flow Diagrams

2.9. Development of the HACCP plan

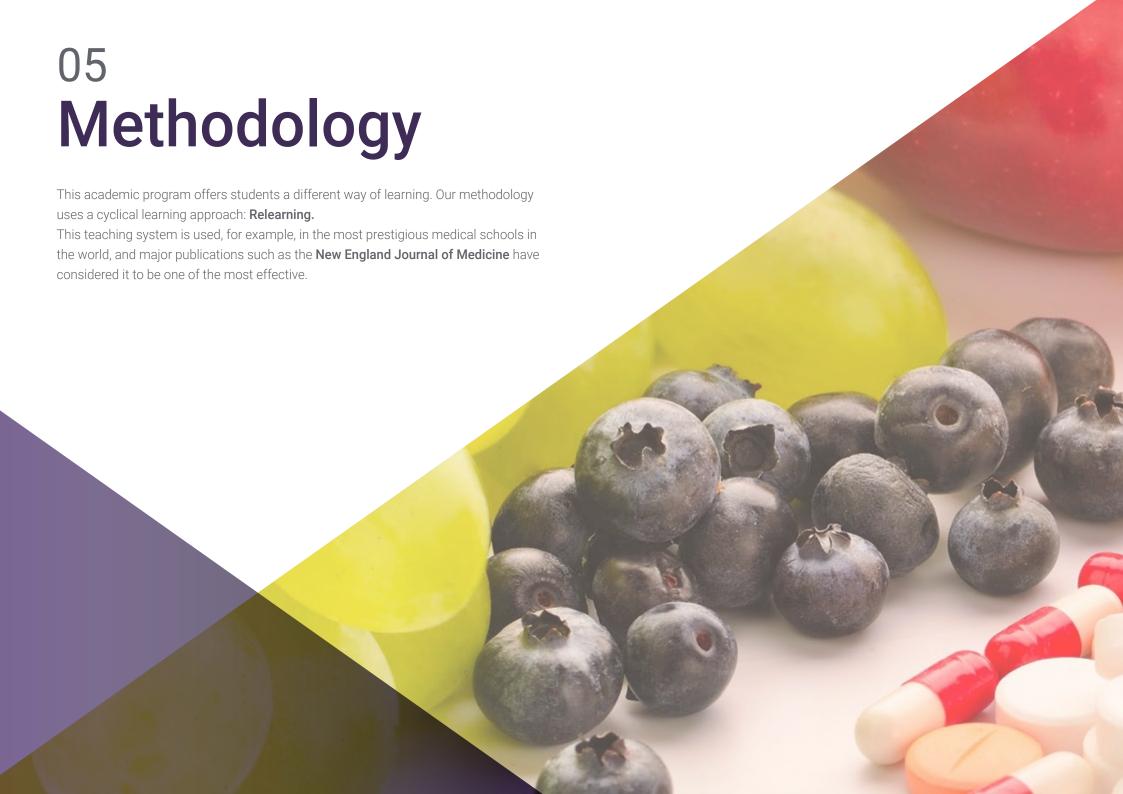
- 2.9.1. Defining Critical Control Points (CCPs)
- 2.9.2. The seven basic principles of the HACCP plan
 - 2.9.2.1.1. Hazard identification and analysis
 - 2.9.2.2.Establishment of control measures for identified hazards

Determination of critical control points (CCP)

- 2.9.2.4. Characterization of critical control points
- 2.9.2.5. Establishment of critical limits
- 2.9.2.6. Determination of corrective actions
- 2.9.2.7.HACCP System Verification

2.10. ISO 22000

- 2.10.1. ISO 22000 Principles
- 2.10.2. Purpose and Field of Application
- 2.10.3. Market Situation and Position in Relation to Other Applicable Standards in the Food Chain
- 2.10.4. Application Requirements
- 2.10.5. Food Safety Management Policy



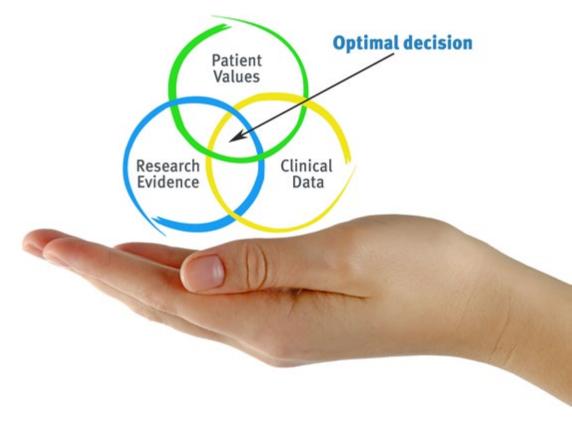


tech 20 | Methodology

At TECH we use the Case Method

In a given situation, what should a professional do? Throughout the program, students will face multiple simulated clinical cases, based on real patients, in which they will have to do research, establish hypotheses, and ultimately resolve the situation. There is an abundance of scientific evidence on the effectiveness of the method. Specialists learn better, faster, and more sustainably over time.

With TECH, nutritionists can experience a way of learning that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world.



According to Dr. Gérvas, the clinical case is the annotated presentation of a patient, or group of patients, which becomes a "case", an example or model that illustrates some peculiar clinical component, either because of its teaching power or because of its uniqueness or rarity. It is essential that the case is based on current professional life, trying to recreate the real conditions of professional nutritional practice.



Did you know that this method was developed in 1912, at Harvard, for law students? The case method consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make decisions and justify their decisions on how to solve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method"

The effectiveness of the method is justified by four fundamental achievements:

- Nutritionists who follow this method not only achieve the assimilation of concepts, but also a development of their mental capacity through exercises to evaluate real situations and the application of knowledge.
- 2. Learning is solidly translated into practical skills that allow the nutritionist to better integrate knowledge into clinical practice.
- 3. Ideas and concepts are understood more efficiently, given that the example situations are based on real-life.
- **4.** Students like to feel that the effort they put into their studies is worthwhile. This then translates into a greater interest in learning and more time dedicated to working on the course.



tech 22 | Methodology

Relearning Methodology

At TECH we enhance the case method with the best 100% online teaching methodology available: Relearning.

This university is the first in the world to combine the study of clinical cases with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, combining a minimum of 8 different elements in each lesson, a real revolution with respect to the mere study and analysis of cases.

The nutritionist will learn through real cases and by solving complex situations in simulated learning environments.

These simulations are developed using state-of-the-art software to facilitate immersive learning.



Methodology | 23 tech

At the forefront of world teaching, the Relearning method has managed to improve the overall satisfaction levels of professionals who complete their studies, with respect to the quality indicators of the best online university (Columbia University).

With this methodology, more than 45,000 nutritionists have been trained with unprecedented success in all clinical specialties regardless of the surgical load. All this in a highly demanding environment, where the students have a strong socioeconomic profile and an average age of 43.5 years.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your training, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation for success.

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically.

The overall score obtained by TECH's learning system is 8.01, according to the highest international standards.

tech 24 | Methodology

This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

These contents are then applied to the audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



Nutrition Techniques and Procedures on Video

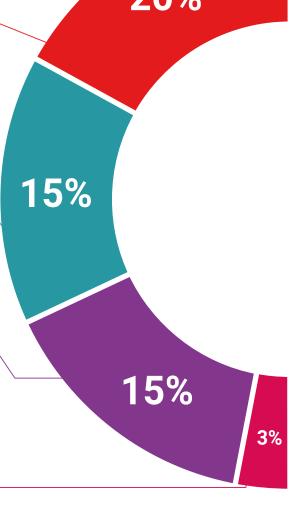
TECH brings students closer to the latest techniques, the latest educational advances and to the forefront of current nutritional counselling techniques and procedures. All of this in direct contact with students and explained in detail so as to aid their assimilation and understanding. And best of all, you can watch the videos as many times as you like.



Interactive Summaries

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.

This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".





Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.





Testing & Retesting



We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.

and direct way to achieve the highest degree of understanding.

Classes



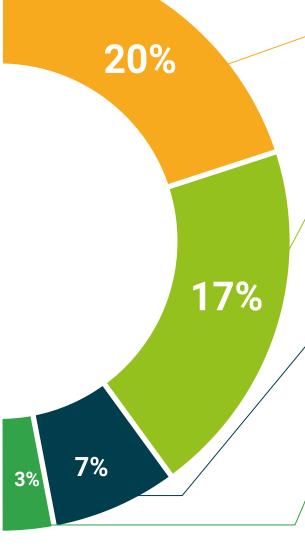
There is scientific evidence suggesting that observing third-party experts can be useful.

Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.

Quick Action Guides



TECH offers the most relevant contents of the course in the form of worksheets or quick action guides. A synthetic, practical, and effective way to help students progress in their learning.







tech 30 | Certificate

This program will allow you to obtain your **Postgraduate Certificate in HACCP System Implementation** endorsed by **TECH Global University**, the world's largest online university.

TECH Global University is an official European University publicly recognized by the Government of Andorra (*official bulletin*). Andorra is part of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) since 2003. The EHEA is an initiative promoted by the European Union that aims to organize the international training framework and harmonize the higher education systems of the member countries of this space. The project promotes common values, the implementation of collaborative tools and strengthening its quality assurance mechanisms to enhance collaboration and mobility among students, researchers and academics.

This **TECH Global University** title is a European program of continuing education and professional updating that guarantees the acquisition of competencies in its area of knowledge, providing a high curricular value to the student who completes the program.

Title: Postgraduate Certificate in HACCP System Implementation

Modality: online

Duration: 12 weeks

Accreditation: 12 ECTS



Mr./Ms. _____, with identification document _____ has successfully passed and obtained the title of:

Postgraduate Certificate in HACCP System Implementation

This is a program of 360 hours of duration equivalent to 12 ECTS, with a start date of dd/mm/yyyy and an end date of dd/mm/yyyy.

TECH Global University is a university officially recognized by the Government of Andorra on the 31st of January of 2024, which belongs to the European Higher Education Area (EHEA).

In Andorra la Vella, on the 28th of February of 2024



^{*}Apostille Convention. In the event that the student wishes to have their paper diploma issued with an apostille, TECH Global University will make the necessary arrangements to obtain it, at an additional cost.



Postgraduate Certificate

HACCP System Implementation

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