



Master's Degree

Respiratory Physiotherapy in Rehabilitation Medicine

» Modality: Online

» Duration: 12 months.

» Certificate: TECH Global University

» Accreditation: 60 ECTS » Dedication: 16h/week

» Schedule: at your own pace

» Exams: online

Website: www.techtitute.com/us/medicine/master-degree/master-degree-respiratory-physiotherapy-rehabilitation-medicine

Index

02 Objectives Introduction p. 4 p. 8 05 03 Skills **Course Management Structure and Content** p. 14 p. 18 p. 22 06 07 Methodology Certificate p. 32 p. 40





tech 06 | Introduction

The increase in the incidence of respiratory pathologies, both in children and adults, has a considerable impact on the quality of life of the patients who suffer from them, as well as on the health system, with a high social and economic cost in terms of hospitalization days, sick leave and early death. Therefore, the specialization of medical professionals is essential in this field, since a deep knowledge of the new techniques in Respiratory Physiotherapy will allow an early and effective care, achieving faster recoveries.

It must be taken into account that physiotherapeutic techniques focus on the physiopathology of the respiratory system, both medical and surgical, requiring a demanding knowledge of the respiratory system and the existing techniques for the treatment, healing and stabilization of the same.

The scientifically and technically based disciplinary consideration of Respiratory Physiotherapy became popular at the end of the 20th century, thanks to technological advances that allow the measurement of respiratory work and techniques. At present, these techniques are necessary and essential in different hospital units. Therefore, it is essential that rehabilitation physicians update their knowledge in this field and acquire a superior knowledge of new techniques and tools to apply in their daily practice.

The Master's Degree has a teaching staff specialized in respiratory physiotherapy and who contribute both their practical experience in their day-to-day work in practice, as well as their lengthy experience in teaching at national and international level. Additionally, it has the advantage of being a 100% online specialization, so the student can decide when and where to study. This way, they will be able to flexibly self-direct their study hours.

This Master's Degree in Respiratory Physiotherapy in Rehabilitation Medicine contains the most complete and up-to-date scientific program on the market. Its most notable features are:

- More than 75 clinical cases presented by experts in Respiratory Physiotherapy.
- The graphic, schematic, and practical contents with which they are created provide scientific and practical information on the disciplines that are essential for professional practice.
- The presentation of practical workshops on procedures and techniques.
- An algorithm-based interactive learning system for decision-making in the clinical situations presented throughout the course.
- Action protocols and clinical practice guidelines, which cover the most important latest developments in this specialized area.
- Theoretical lessons, questions to the expert, debate forums on controversial topics, and individual reflection assignments.
- Special emphasis on test-based medicine and research methodologies.
- Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an Internet connection.



"This Master's Degree is the best option you can find to increase your knowledge in respiratory physiotherapy and give a plus to your professional career"

Introduction | 07 tech

"This 100% online Master's Degree will allow you to study from anywhere in the world. All you need is a computer or mobile device with an Internet connection"

"Our innovative teaching methodology will allow you to study as if you were facing real cases, increasing your specialization."



66

"This Master's Degree is the best investment you can make in a specialization to update your knowledge in respiratory physiotherapy."

The teaching staff includes a team of rehabilitation medicine professionals, who bring their experience to this program, as well as renowned specialists from leading scientific societies.

Its multimedia content, developed with the latest educational technology, will provide the professional with situated and contextual learning, i.e., a simulated environment that will deliver an immersive learning experience, programmed to prepare in real situations.

This program is designed around Problem-Based Learning, whereby the physician must try to solve the different professional practice situations that arise throughout the program. To do this, they will have the help of an innovative interactive video system made by recognized experts in the field of respiratory physiotherapy, and with extensive teaching experience.





tech 10 | Objectives



General Objectives

- Promote specialization in respiratory physiotherapy.
- Update knowledge and manage physiotherapy in different patients with respiratory pathologies.
- Possess knowledge of the pathophysiology and advanced exploration of the respiratory system.
- Execute, direct and coordinate the respiratory physiotherapy intervention plan for each patient.



"Highly specialized objectives in a program created to prepare the best professionals in respiratory physiotherapy".





Specific Objectives

Module 1

- Understand the respiratory physiology of the child in depth.
- Manage the physiotherapeutic assessment in the pediatric patient.
- Apply the non-instrumental techniques of infant respiratory physiotherapy.
- Manage respiratory training activities at home.

Module 2

- Be up-to-date in different respiratory pathologies in children.
- Gain a deeper knowledge of pediatric respiratory emergencies.
- Apply the-instrumental techniques of infant respiratory physiotherapy.
- Delve into the treatment of physical therapy in pediatric palliative care.

Module 3

- Delve into ventilatory biomechanics.
- · Apply different techniques for exploration.
- Apply different complementary tests for a correct assessment.

Module 4

- Gain in-depth understanding of mechanical ventilation.
- · Apply complementary techniques in respiratory pathology.
- Become familiar with the obstructive patient with NIV.
- Become familiar with the restrictive patient with NIV.

Module 5

- · Gain in-depth knowledge of obstructive respiratory pathology.
- Develop the capacity for a correct diagnosis.
- Master respiratory techniques.

Module 6

- Gain in-depth knowledge of the pathophysiological characteristics for its correct exploration.
- Apply the most effective treatment for restrictive pathologies.
- Gain a deeper understanding of the difference between all restrictive pathologies and their therapeutic approach.

Module 7

- Delve into the causes of COPD.
- Manage the pathology of COPD.
- Use the different techniques for a correct assessment.
- Manage the different respiratory trainings.
- Delve into the different rehabilitation programs for respiratory diseases.

Module 8

- Gain in-depth knowledge of the physiological mechanisms of the respiratory system.
- Gain in-depth knowledge of the treatment techniques in respiratory physiotherapy.
- · Apply different techniques.

tech 12 | Objectives

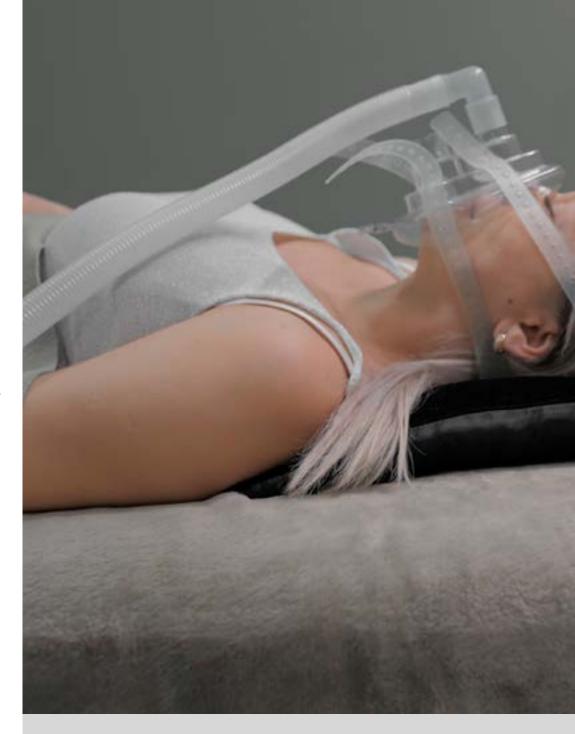
Handle instrumental devices.

Module 9

- Delve into respiratory physiotherapy in ICUs.
- Manage the different respiratory techniques in critical patients.
- Apply pre/post surgery exercise programs.

Module 10

- Manage respiratory physiotherapy treatment in COVID-19 critical care units.
- Apply the correct respiratory physiotherapy treatment in the ward.
- Become familiar with new scenarios of physical therapy intervention in the post-COVID era.

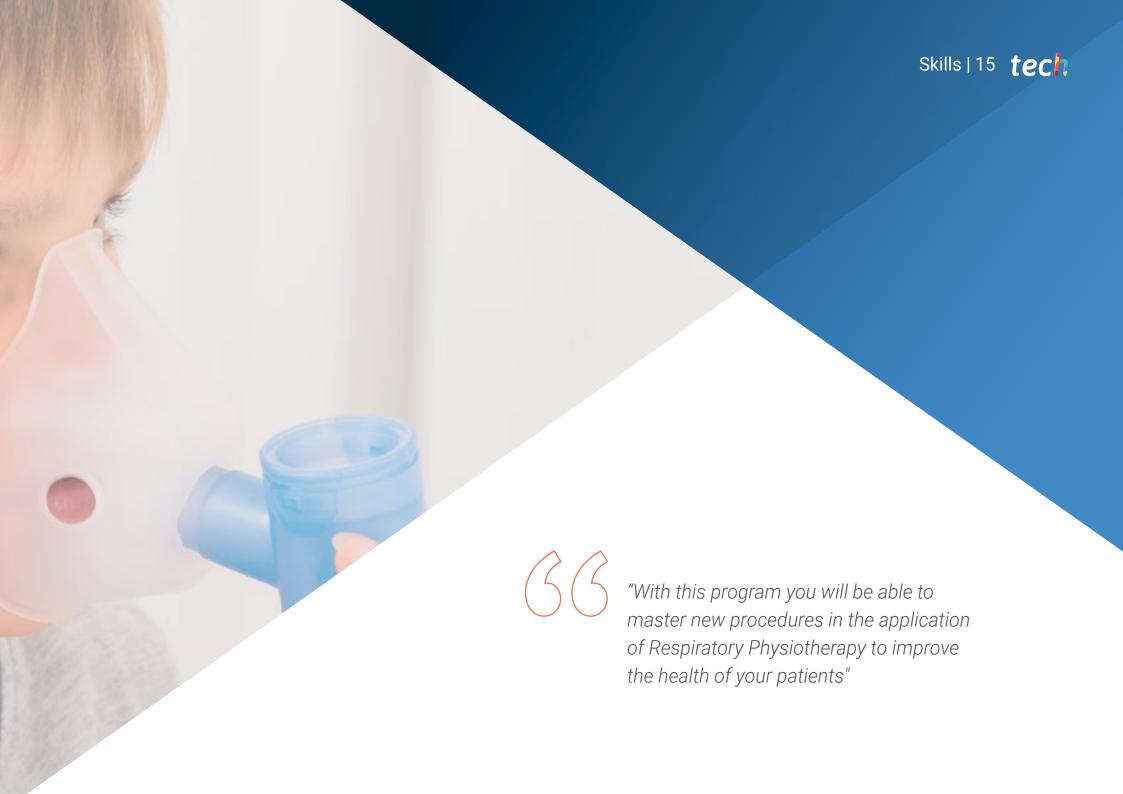






Take the opportunity to learn about the latest advances in this field in order to apply it to your daily practice"





tech 16 | Skills



General Skills

- Apply the knowledge acquired in this program in daily practice.
- Use tools and techniques of Respiratory Physiotherapy.
- Integrate therapeutic exercise in health promotion, both in healthy and sick populations.







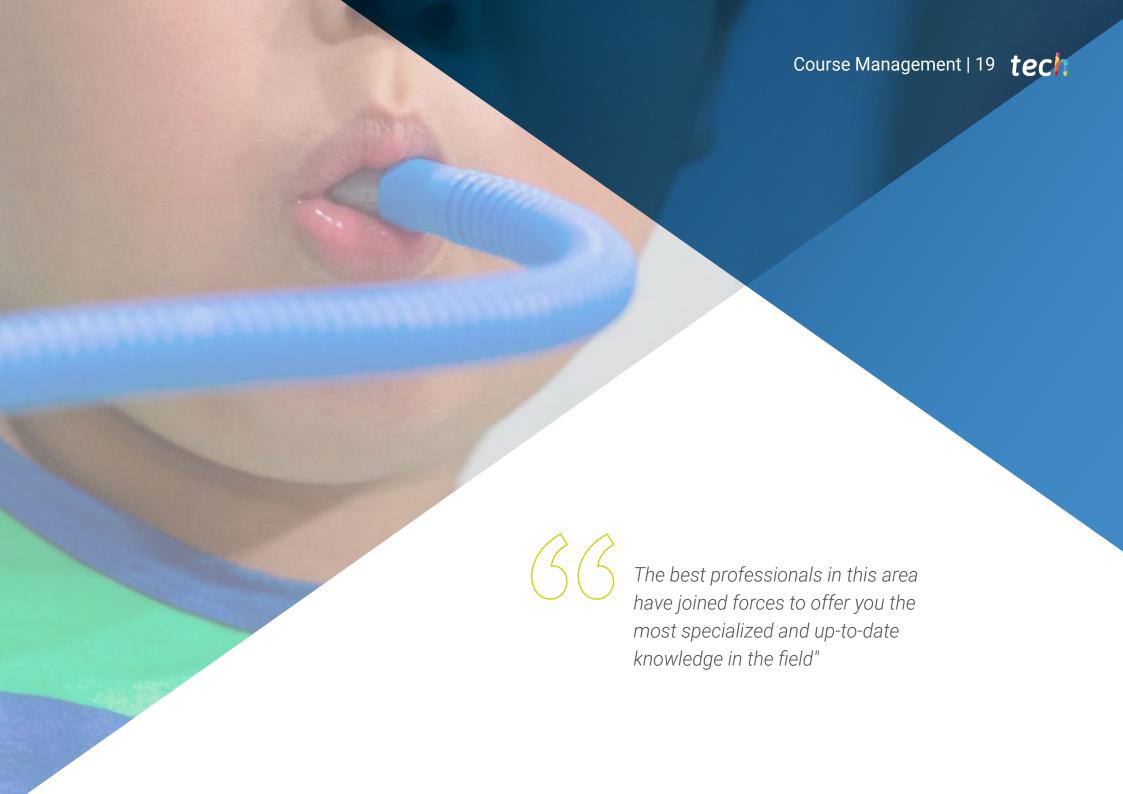
Specific Skills

- Apply the non-instrumental techniques of infant respiratory physiotherapy.
- Delve into the treatment of physical therapy in pediatric palliative care.
- Apply different techniques for exploration.
- · Apply complementary techniques in respiratory pathology.
- Develop the capacity for a correct diagnosis.
- Master respiratory techniques.
- Gain a deeper understanding of the difference between all restrictive pathologies and their therapeutic approach.
- Gain in-depth knowledge of the physiological mechanisms of the respiratory system.
- Delve into respiratory physiotherapy in ICUs.
- Become Master psychosocial new scenarios of physical therapy intervention in the post-COVID era

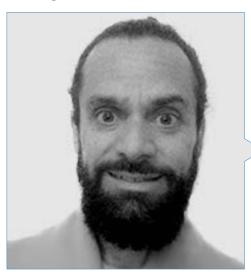


"Seize the opportunity and take the step to get up to date on the latest developments in Respiratory Physiotherapy"





Management



Luis Pablo García Coronado

- 🛮 Physiotherapist at La Paz University Hospital
- Il Supervisor of the Physiotherapy Department at La Paz University Hospital.
- Specialist in sports Physiotherapy, Re-training, electrotherapy, Pilates and Therapeutic exercise.
- 🛭 Director at Fisioespaña C. B.
- I Director at Fisioganas S.L.
- 🛭 Director at Pilates Wellness & Beauty S.L.

Professors

Ms. Álvarez Gonzalo, Verónica

- Physiotherapist, La Paz University Hospital, Children's Hospital. In the field of Pediatric Rehabilitation
- Diploma in Physiotherapy, Pontificia Comillas University, Madrid.
- Guadarrama Hospital (Health of the Community of Madrid). Neurorehabilitation in mediumstay patients.
- El Vellón Balompié Football Club. Sport Physiotherapy
- Physiotherapy and Rehabilitation (FISIONORTE)

Ms. Pérez-Esteban Luis-Yagüe, Teresa

- Physiotherapist, Gregorio Marañón General University Hospital. November 2019- 20 septiembre 2020
- Specialist in Respiratory Physiotherapy, Castilla La Mancha-Toledo University
- Master's Degree in Manual Physiotherapy of the Locomotor System, Universidad de Alcalá, Madrid
- Degree in Physiotherapy, Pontificia de Salamanca University, Salus Infirmorum, Madrid
- Basic Radiology for Physical Therapists online course
- Therapeutic exercise update program by the Consejo Gral, Colegios de Fisioterapeutas de

España (Spanish General Council of Physiotherapists' Associations)

Dr. Macías Gaspar María José

- Physiotherapist at Beata Maria Ana Hospital since 20216
- Physiotherapy in hospitalized patients, neurological patients and patients with surgeries and traumatic injuries
- Internship tutor at the European University
- Physiotherapist at La Paz University Hospital Since 2018
- Pediatric Physiotherapy On the ward in neonates and ICU, Physiotherapy in patients hospitalized in wards, ICU, AER, patients with surgeries and traumatic injuries, and patients with traumatological injuries
- Diploma in Physiotherapy with specialization in Pediatric Physiotherapy and Manual Therapy in Traumatology and Orthopedics
- Master's Degree in Pediatric Physiotherapy at CEU San Pablo, Madrid
- Master's Degree in Osteopathy, D. François Ricard School of Osteopathy, Madrid. François Ricard from Madrid
- Teaching, assistance and management functions. Clinical reasoning adapted to each individual
- Expert in Respiratory and Cardiac Physiotherapy

Ms. Simó Segovia, Rocío

- Physiotherapist, Hospital La Paz, through all areas of specialization (Traumatology and Neurology, Hydrotherapy, Electrotherapy) and during the last 5 years preferential dedication to Pediatrics in all fields
- Treatment of patients at home and in private clinics

- Diploma in Physiotherapy at Alfonso X El Sabio University (1998-2001).
- Shoulder dystocia and neonatal brachial palsy course
- Course on Respiratory Physiotherapy with mechanically ventilated patients.

Ms. Peroy Badal, Renata

- Physiotherapist in charge of Respiratory Rehabilitation for COPD patients, Hospital Virgen de la Torre
- Respiratory physiotherapy in critical patients admitted to the ICU and in patients pre and postoperative of abdominal surgery discharged in the hospitalization unit
- Respiratory physiotherapy in adult and pediatric patients with spinal cord injuries and different neuromuscular pathologies associated with respiratory disorders
- Degree in Physiotherapy: 1996-1999, Gimbernat University School of Nursing and Physiotherapy (Autonomous University of Barcelona)
- Graduate in Physiotherapy: 2013-2014, Universidad Complutense de Madrid with the dissertation "Health Education in Respiratory Rehabilitation in COPD in primary care"
- Official Master's Respiratory and Cardiac Physiotherapy: 2015-2016, ONCE University School of Physiotherapy (Complutense University of Madrid)
- D.U EN KINESITHERAPIE RESPIRATORIE ET CARDIOVASCULAIRE: 2007-2008, Claude Bernard-Iyon Univeristy with the thesis "Education before upper abdominal surgery: co-construction of a patient-therapist booklet".





tech 24 | Structure and Content

Module X. Pediatric Respiratory Physiotherapy I

- 1.1. Introduction in Respiratory Physiotherapy in Pediatrics
 - 1.1.1. Anatomy and Development of the Infant Respiratory Tract
 - 1.1.2. Respiratory Physiology in Children: Specific Features
 - 1.1.3. Objectives, Indications and Contraindications in Respiratory Physiotherapy
- 1.2. Bronchiolitis
 - 1.2.1. Etiology and Risk Factors
 - 1.2.2. Pathophysiology
 - 1.2.3. Medical Treatment
- 1.3. Assessment in Respiratory Physiotherapy in Pediatric Patients (I)
 - 1.3.1. Medical History
 - 1.3.2. Visual Exploration
 - 1.3.3. Auscultation: Normal and Pathological Sounds
- 1.4. Assessment in Respiratory Physiotherapy in Pediatric Patients (II)
 - 1.4.1. Clinical Scales
 - 1.4.2. Oxygen Saturation and Alarm Signals
- 1.5. Non-instrumental Techniques in Respiratory Physiotherapy for Children (I)
 - 1.5.1. Nasal Wash
 - 1.5.2. ELPR
 - 1.5.3. ELTGOL
- 1.6. Non-instrumental Techniques in Respiratory Physiotherapy for Children (II)
 - 1.6.1. Provoked Cough
 - 1.6.2. TEF
 - 1.6.3. DRR
- 1.7. Aerosol Therapy in Pediatrics
 - 1.7.1. Inhalation Systems
 - 1.7.2. Main Drugs Used
- 1.8. Respiratory Physiotherapy in Bronchiolitis
 - 1.8.1. Indication of Treatment and Scheduling of Sessions
 - 1.8.2. Protocol in Treatment Sessions



- 1.9. Hygiene Recommendations for Parents
 - 1.9.1. Nasal Washes
 - 1.9.2. Humidifiers and Other Devices
 - 1.9.3. General Recommendations
- 1.10. Breathing Training Activities at Home
 - 1.10.1. Materials to Do the Exercises
 - 1.10.2. Respiratory Exercises
 - 1.10.3. Physical Activity Recommendations

Module 2. Pediatric Respiratory Physiotherapy II

- 2.1. Bronchitis in Pediatric Patients
 - 2.1.1. Etiology
 - 2.1.2. Clinical Symptoms
 - 2.1.3. Medical Treatment
- 2.2. Pneumonia in Pediatric Patients
 - 2.2.1. Etiology
 - 2.2.2. Clinical Symptoms
 - 2.2.3. Medical Treatment
- 2.3. Assessment in Respiratory Physiotherapy in Pediatric Patients (III)
 - 2.3.1. Spirometry
 - 2.3.2. Stress Tests
 - 2.3.3. Peak Flow
- 2.4. Assessment in Respiratory Physiotherapy in Pediatric Patients with Brain Damage
 - 2.4.1. Evaluation of the Respiratory System
 - 2.4.2. Evaluation of Other Systems That Could Influence the Respiratory System
- 2.5. Non-instrumental Techniques in Respiratory Physiotherapy for Children (III)
 - 2.5.1. EDIC
 - 2.5.2. Autogenous Drainage
 - 2.5.3. Cough Assistance
- Non-instrumental Techniques in Pediatric Respiratory Physiotherapy: Adaptation in Brain-Damaged Patients
 - 2.6.1. ELPR
 - 2.6.2. Nasal Wash
 - 2.6.3 Provoked Cough

- 2.7. Instrumental Techniques in Respiratory Physiotherapy for Children (I)
 - 2.7.1. Cough Assist
 - 2.7.2. High-Frequency Oscillation Vest (VEST™)
- 2.8. Instrumental Techniques in Respiratory Physiotherapy for Children (II)
 - 2.8.1. Ambú
 - 2.8.2. Secretion Aspirator
- 2.9. Respiratory Physiotherapy in Pediatric Palliative Care
 - 2.9.1. What Is Palliative Care?
 - 2.9.2. Typical Respiratory Pathologies of these Patients
 - 2.9.3. Physiotherapy Treatment in Pediatric Palliative Care
- 2.10. Respiratory Emergencies in Pediatrics
 - 2.10.1. Pediatric Reanimation

Module 3. Respiratory Physiotherapy Assessment.

- 3.1. Anatomy Recap.
 - 3.1.1. At Bone Level
 - 3.1.2. At Muscle Level
 - 3.1.3. Ventilatory System
- 3.2. Ventilation-Perfusion Ratio
- 3.3. Ventilatory Biomechanics
 - 3.3.1. Ventilatory Mechanics in Inspiration
 - 3.3.2. Ventilatory Mechanics in Exhalation
- 3.4. Exploration
 - 3.4.1. Medical History
 - 3.4.2. Physical Inspection: Static and Dynamic Exam
- 3.5. Respiratory Frequency
 - 3.5.1. Types of Respiratory Frequency
 - 3.5.2. One-dimensional Scales
- 3.6. Respiratory Rhythms
- 3.7. Auscultation
 - 3.7.1. Normal Noises
 - 3.7.2. Abnormal and Adventitious Noises
 - 3.7.3. Percussion and Palpation
- 3.8. Pain, Coughing and Expectoration

tech 26 | Structure and Content

- 3.9. Radiology
- 3.10. Complementary Tests
 - 3.10.1. Walking Tests
 - 3.10.2. Strength Tests
 - 3.10.3. Pulse Oximetry
 - 3.10.4. Body Plethysmography
 - 3.10.5. Arterial Blood Gases
 - 3.10.6. Spirometry

Module 4. Mechanical Ventilation

- 1.6. Introduction and General Aspects of Mechanical Ventilation
 - 4.1.1. Non-Invasive Mechanical Ventilation
 - 4.1.2. Invasive Mechanical Ventilation
- 4.2. Systems of Administrating Oxygen
 - 4.2.1. Closed Circuit Systems
 - 4.2.2. Open Circuit Systems
- 4.3. Non-Mechanical Ventilators
 - 4.3.1. CPAP Systems in Adults
 - 4.3.2. BIPAP Systems in Adults
- 4.4. Ventilatory Modes
 - 4.4.1. Programming in CPAP Mode
 - 4.4.2. Programming in BIPAP Mode
- 4.5. Parameters and Monitoring
- 4.6. Contraindications and Complications
- 4.7. Home Mechanical Ventilation
 - 4.7.1. Epidemiology, Rationale and Physiological Basis
 - 4.7.2. Application Criteria
 - 4.7.3. Ventilatory Modes
 - 4.7.4. Parameters and Variables
- 4.8. Complementary Techniques
 - 4.8.1. Aerosol Therapy
 - 4.8.2. Drug Administration
- 4.9. NIV in the Obstructive Patients
- 4.10. NIV in Restrictive Patients

Module 5. Obstructive Pathologies

- 5.1. Introduction in Obstructive Respiratory Pathology
 - 5.1.1. Theoretical Framework
 - 5.1.2. Clinical Characteristics
- 5.2. Chronic Bronchitis
 - 5.2.1. Concept. Phenotype Pathophysiological Manifestations
 - 5.2.2. Exploration
 - 5.2.3. Treatment
- 5.3. Emphysema
 - 5.3.1. Concept. Phenotype Pathophysiological Characteristics
 - 5.3.2. Exploration
 - 5.3.3. Treatment
- 5.4. Atelectasis
 - 5.4.1. Pathophysiological Characteristics
 - 5.4.2. Exploration
 - 5.4.3. Treatment
- 5.5. Bronchiectasis
 - 5.5.1. Pathophysiological Manifestations
 - 5.5.2. Exploration
 - 5.5.3. Treatment
- 5.6. Bronguial Asthma.
 - 5.6.1. Pathophysiological Characteristics
 - 5.6.2. Differential Diagnosis
 - 5.6.3. Asthmatic Crisis and Self-Management
 - 5.6.4. Exploration and Treatment
- 5.7. Cystic Fibrosis
 - 5.7.1. Clinical Characteristics
 - 5.7.2. Exploration
 - 5.7.3. Treatment
- 5.8. Aging of the Respiratory System Biological Changes in Aging and Their Consequences
- 5.9. Treatment of Chronic Patients and Flare-ups





- 6.1. Introduction to Restrictive Pathology
 - 6.1.1. Theoretical Framework
 - 6.1.2. Clinical Characteristics
- 6.2. Alterations of the Thoracic Cage
 - 6.2.1. Chest Morphology
 - 6.2.2. Respiratory Pattern and Thoracic-Abdominal Movement
 - 6.2.3. Types of Alterations
- 6.3. Diaphragm and Respiratory Muscles Diseases
 - 6.3.1. Pathophysiological Characteristics
 - 6.3.2. Exploration
 - 6.3.3. Treatment
- 6.4. Pleural Effusion
 - 6.4.1. Pathophysiological Manifestations
 - 6.4.2. Exploration
 - 6.4.3. Treatment
- .5. Pneumothorax
 - 6.5.1. Clinical Characteristics
 - 6.5.2. Exploration
 - 6.5.3. Treatment
- 6.6. Diffuse Infectious Diseases (Tuberculosis, Abscess, Pneumonia)
 - 6.6.1. Clinical Characteristics
 - 6.6.2. Exploration
 - 6.6.3. Treatment
- 6.7. Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis
 - 6.7.1. Pathophysiological Characteristics
 - 6.7.2. Exploration
 - 6.7.3. Treatment
- 6.8. Sarcoidosis and Pneumoconiosis
 - 6.8.1. Pathophysiological Manifestations
 - 6.8.2. Exploration
 - 6.8.3. Treatment



tech 28 | Structure and Content

- 6.9. Neuromuscular Diseases
 - 6.9.1. Clinical Characteristics
 - 6.9.2. Exploration
 - 6.9.3. Treatment

Module 7. Pathophysiological Consequences of COPD Pulmonary Restriction and Respiratory Rehabilitation

- 7.1. Prevalence of COPD and Chronic Respiratory Diseases
 - 7.1.1. Prevalence of COPD in Spain
 - 7.1.2. Prevalence of COPD Globally
- 7.2. COPD
 - 7.2.1. COPD Definition
 - 7.2.2. COPD Treatment
- 7.3. Respiratory Rehabilitation
 - 7.3.1. Definition of Respiratory Rehabilitation
 - 7.3.2. Components of Respiratory Rehabilitation
- 7.4. Assessment of the Respiratory Patient Before, During and After Respiratory Rehabilitation
 - 7.4.1. Dyspnea Evaluation
 - 7.4.2. Assessment of Exercise Tolerance
 - 7.4.3. Assessment of Respiratory Muscle Strength
- 7.5. Exercise Training
 - 7.5.1. Overload
 - 7.5.2. Specificity
 - 7.5.3. Adaptation
- 7.6. Aerobic Training
 - 7.6.1. Parts of the Aerobic Training Session
 - 7.6.2. FIIT Principle
 - 7.6.3. How Should a Training Session Be Carried Out?
- 7.7. Muscle Strengthening
 - 7.7.1. Assessment of Peripheral Musculature
 - 7.7.2. How Should a Training Session Be Carried Out?
- 7.8. Respiratory Muscle Training

- 7.8.1. Devices for Strengthening the Respiratory Musculature
- 7.8.2. How Should a Training Session Be Carried Out?
- 7.9. Physical Activity
 - 7.9.1. Physical Exercise Evaluation
 - 7.9.2. Physical Activity Adherence
- 7.10. Respiratory Rehabilitation Programs in Respiratory Diseases other than COPD
 - 7.10.1. Programs in Pulmonary Fibrosis
 - 7.10.2. Bronchiectasis Programs

Module 8. Respiratory Techniques in Physiotherapy

- 8.1. Historical Evolution of Respiratory Physiotherapy
 - 8.1.1. Different Schools of Respiratory Physiotherapy
 - 8.1.2. Different Classifications of Respiratory Physiotherapy
- 8.2. Respiratory Physiotherapy Objectives
 - 8.2.1. General Objectives
 - 8.2.2. Specific Objectives
- 8.3. Physiological Mechanisms to Understand the Techniques of Respiratory Physiotherapy
 - 8.3.1. Rocher Equation
 - 8.3.2. Poiseuille Law
 - 8.3.3. Collateral Ventilation
- 8.4. Treatment Techniques in Respiratory Physiotherapy
 - 8.4.1. Forced Inspiratory Techniques
 - 8.4.2. Slow Expiratory Techniques
 - 8.4.3. Forced Expiratory Techniques
 - 8.4.4. Slow Inspiratory Techniques
- 8.5. Secretions Drainage Techniques
 - 8.5.1. Techniques Based on Gravity
 - 8.5.2. Techniques Based on Shock Waves
 - 8.5.3. Techniques Based on Air Flow
- 3.6. Lung Expansion Techniques
 - 8.6.1. EDIC

Structure and Content | 29 tech

- 8.6.2. Incentive Spirometry
- 8.6.3. Air Stacking
- 8.7. Ventilatory Techniques
 - 8.7.1. Directed Costal Ventilation Technique
 - 8.7.2. Targeted Abdomino-Diaphragmatic Ventilation Technique
- 8.8. Instrumental Devices

Module 9. Respiratory Physiotherapy in Critical Patients

- 9.1. Critical Patients
 - 9.1.1. Definition
 - 9.1.2. Different Work Teams With Critical Patients
 - 9.1.3. Multidisciplinary Work Team
- 9.2. Critical Unit
 - 9.2.1. Basic knowledge of Monitoring Patients
 - 9.2.2. Different Oxygen Support Devices
 - 9.2.3. Health Protection
- 9.3. Physiotherapy in the ICU
 - 9.3.1. Intensive Care Unit
 - 9.3.2. The Role of Physiotherapy in this Ward
 - 9.3.3. Systems of Mechanical Ventilation Monitoring of Mechanical Ventilation
- 9.4. Thoracic Area Physiotherapy
 - 9.4.1. Thoracic Resuscitation Unit
 - 9.4.2. Pleur-Evac and Pulmonary Drainage Devices
 - 9.4.3. Basic Notions in Thoracic Radiography
- 9.5. Physiotherapy in the Coronary Unit
 - 9.5.1. Cardiac Pathology Sternotomies
 - 9.5.2. Main Cardiac Surgeries and Treatments
 - 9.5.3. Breathing Exercise Programs Pre/Post Surgery
 - 9.5.4. Complications and Contraindications
- 9.6. Physiotherapy in Neuromuscular Patients
 - 9.6.1. Concept on Neuromuscular Diseases (NMD) and Main Characteristics

- 9.6.2. Respiratory Alterations in ENM and Complications with Hospital Admission
- 9.6.3. Main Respiratory Physiotherapy Techniques Applied to NME (Hyperinflation and Assisted Cough Techniques)
- 9.6.4. Phonatory Valve and Suction Techniques
- 9.7. URPA
 - 9.7.1. Resuscitation and Post-Anesthesia
 - 9.7.2. Sedation. Basic Concepts from Pharmacology
 - 9.7.3. Importance of Early Mobilization of Patients and Seated Sitting
- 9.8. Physiotherapy in Neonatal ICU and Pediatrics
 - 9.8.1. Embryonic Factors: Antenatal and Postnatal Factors that Determine Lung Development
 - 9.8.2. Common Respiratory Pathologies in Neonatology and Pediatrics
 - 9.8.3. Treatment Techniques
- 9.9. Approach to Bioethics
 - 9.9.1. Ethical Ouestions in Critical Care Units
- 9.10. Importance of Family and the Environment During the Process of Recovery
 - 9.10.1. Emotional Factors
 - 9.10.2. Guidelines for Accompaniment

tech 30 | Structure and Content

Module 10. Respiratory Physiotherapy in COVID

- 10.1. Introduction
 - 10.1.1. COVID-19. Origin
 - 10.1.2. Evolution of the Coronavirus Epidemic
 - 10.1.3. Confinement and Quarantine
- 10.2. Vision Development
 - 10.2.1. Clinical Picture
 - 10.2.2. Methods and Detection Tests and Analysis
 - 10.2.3. Epidemiological Curve
- 10.3. Isolation and Protection
 - 10.3.1. EPI Individual Protection Teams
 - 10.3.2. Types of Masks and Respiratory Protection
 - 10.3.3. Hand Washing and Personal Hygiene
- 10.4. Pathophysiology in COVID-19
 - 10.4.1. Desaturation and Worsening From the Point Of View of Physiotherapy
 - 10.4.2. Complementary Tests
- 10.5. Patient Admitted to Hospital Pre-ICU/Post-ICU
 - 10.5.1. Risk Factors and Aggravating Factors
 - 10.5.2. Criteria for Admission to a Inpatient Unit
 - 10.5.3. Admission to Critical Care Unit
- 10.6. Critical Patients with COVID-19
 - 10.6.1. Characteristics of Critical Patients Average Length of Stay
 - 10.6.2. Monitoring of Mechanical Ventilation VMI/VMNI
 - 10.6.3. Methods of Weaning Upon Improvement of the Clinical Picture
- 0.7. After-effects of Critical Patients
 - 10.7.1. Barthel Scale
 - 10.7.2. DAUCI Acquired Weakness Post-ICU
 - 10.7.3. Swallowing Disturbance
 - 10.7.4. Basal Hypoxemia





Structure and Content | 31 tech

10.8. Separate Guide

10.8.1. Research in COVID

10.8.2. Scientific Articles and Literature Reviews

10.9. Respiratory Physiotherapy Treatment

10.9.1. Manage COVID-19 Respiratory Physiotherapy Treatment in Critical Care Units

10.9.2. Respiratory Physiotherapy Treatment in the Ward

10.9.3. Discharge Recommendations

10.10. Post COVID-19 Era

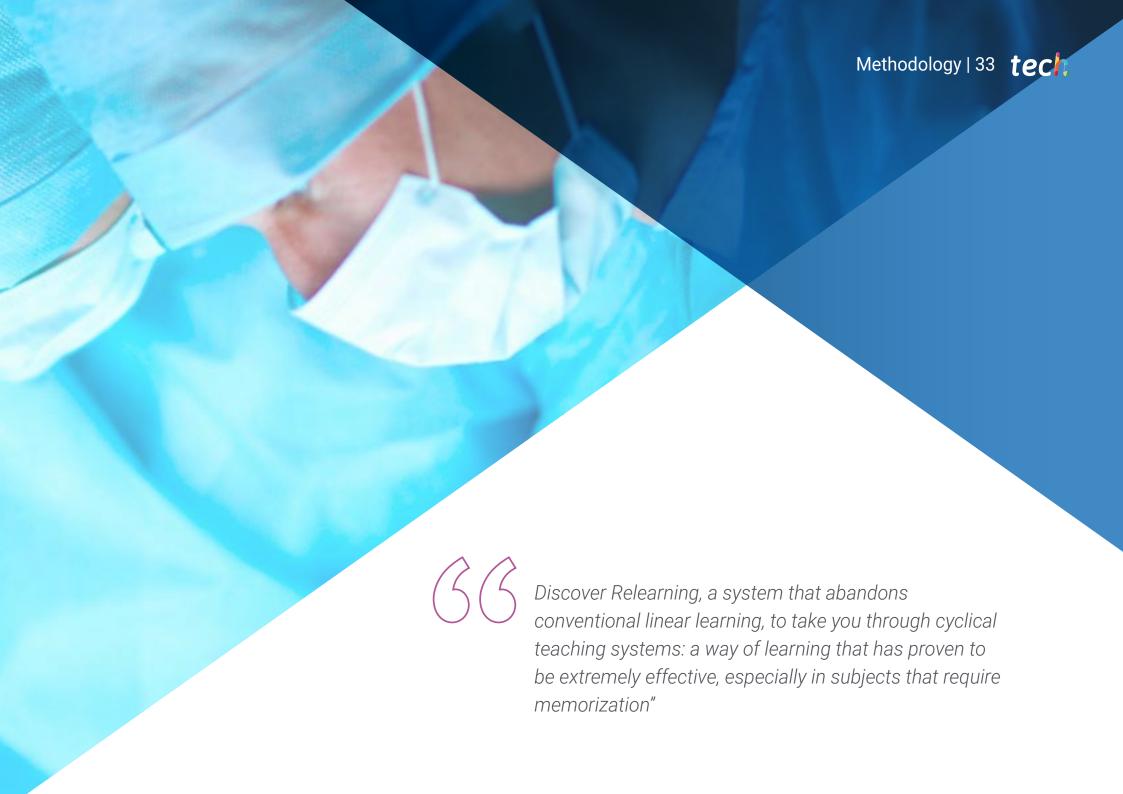
10.10.1. New Scenarios in Physiotherapy Intervention

10.10.2. Preventative Actions



A unique, key, and decisive educational experience to boost your professional development"





tech 34 | Methodology

At TECH, we use the Case Method

What should a professional do in a given situation? Throughout the program, students will face multiple simulated clinical cases, based on real patients, in which they will have to do research, establish hypotheses, and ultimately resolve the situation. There is an abundance of scientific evidence on the effectiveness of the method. Specialists learn better, faster, and more sustainably over time.

With TECH you will experience a way of learning that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world.



According to Dr. Gérvas, the clinical case is the annotated presentation of a patient, or group of patients, which becomes a "case", an example or model that illustrates some peculiar clinical component, either because of its teaching power or because of its uniqueness or rarity. It is essential that the case is based on current professional life, trying to recreate the real conditions in the physician's professional practice.



Did you know that this method was developed in 1912, at Harvard, for law students? The case method consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make decisions and justify their decisions on how to solve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method.

The effectiveness of the method is justified by four fundamental achievements:

- 1. Students who follow this method not only achieve the assimilation of concepts, but also a development of their mental capacity, through exercises that assess real situations and the application of knowledge.
- 2. Learning is solidly translated into practical skills that allow the student to better integrate into the real world.
- 3. Ideas and concepts are understood more efficiently, given that the example situations are based on real-life.
- 4. Students like to feel that the effort they put into their studies is worthwhile. This then translates into a greater interest in learning and more time dedicated to working on the course.

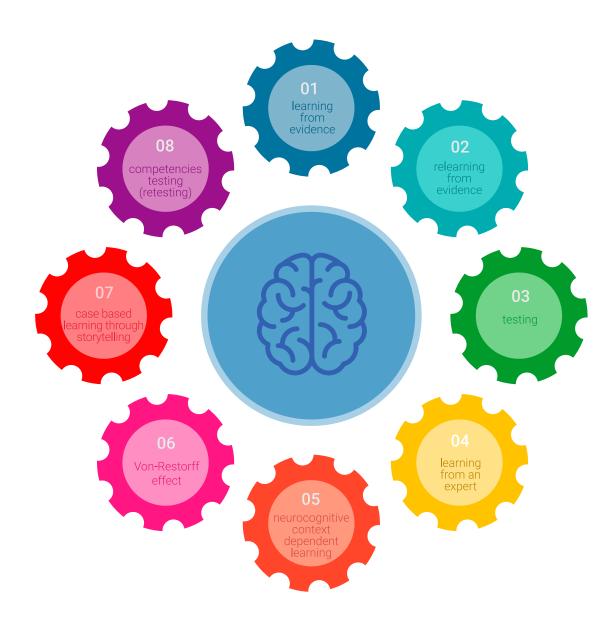


Relearning Methodology

TECH effectively combines the Case Study methodology with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, which combines 8 different teaching elements in each lesson.

We enhance the Case Study with the best 100% online teaching method: Relearning.

Professionals will learn through real cases and by resolving complex situations in simulated learning environments. These simulations are developed using state-of-theart software to facilitate immersive learning.





Methodology | 37 tech

At the forefront of world teaching, the Relearning method has managed to improve the overall satisfaction levels of professionals who complete their studies, with respect to the quality indicators of the best online university (Columbia University).

With this methodology, more than 250,000 physicians have been prepared with unprecedented success in all clinical specialties regardless of surgical load. Our educational methodology is developed in a highly competitive environment, with a university student body with a strong socioeconomic profile and an average age of 43.5 years old.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your specialization, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation to success.

In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically.

The overall score obtained by TECH's learning system is 8.01, according to the highest international standards.

This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

These contents are then adapted in audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high-quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



Surgical Techniques and Procedures on Video

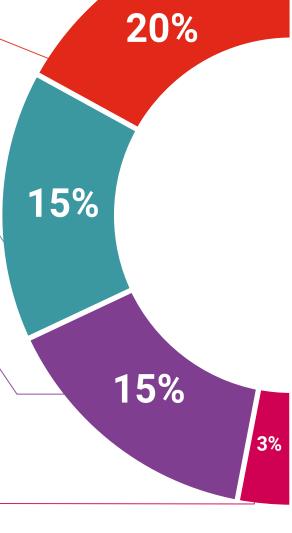
TECH introduces students to the latest techniques, the latest educational advances and to the forefront of current medical techniques. All of this in direct contact with students and explained in detail so as to aid their assimilation and understanding. And best of all, you can watch the videos as many times as you like.



Interactive Summaries

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.

This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".





Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.

Expert-Led Case Studies and Case Analysis

Effective learning ought to be contextual. Therefore, TECH presents real cases in which the expert will guide students, focusing on and solving the different situations: a clear and direct way to achieve the highest degree of understanding.



Testing & Retesting

We periodically assess and re-assess students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.



Classes

There is scientific evidence on the usefulness of learning by observing experts.

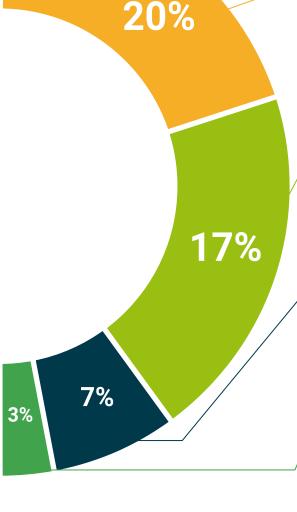
The system known as Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.



Quick Action Guides

TECH offers the most relevant contents of the course in the form of worksheets or quick action guides. A synthetic, practical and effective way to help students progress in their learning.









tech 42 | Certificate

This program will allow you to obtain a **Master's Degree diploma in Respiratory Physiotherapy** in **Rehabilitation Medicine** endorsed by **TECH Global University**, the world's largest online university.

TECH Global University, is an official European University publicly recognized by the Government of Andorra (*official bulletin*). Andorra is part of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) since 2003. The EHEA is an initiative promoted by the European Union that aims to organize the international training framework and harmonize the higher education systems of the member countries of this space. The project promotes common values, the implementation of collaborative tools and strengthening its quality assurance mechanisms to enhance collaboration and mobility among students, researchers and academics.

Mr./Ms. ______with identification document ______has successfully passed and obtained the title of:

Master's Degree in Respiratory Physiotherapy in Rehabilitation Medicine

This is a private qualification of 1,800 hours of duration equivalent to 60 ECTS, with a start date of dd/mm/yyyy and an end date of dd/mm/yyyy.

TECH Global University is a university officially recognized by the Government of Andorra on the 31st of January of 2024, which belongs to the European Higher Education Area (EHEA).

In Andorra la Vella, on the 28th of February of 2024

This **TECH Global University title**, is a European program of continuing education and professional updating that guarantees the acquisition of competencies in its area of knowledge, providing a high curricular value to the student who completes the program.

Title: Master's Degree in Respiratory Physiotherapy in Rehabilitation Medicine

ECTS: 60

Official No of Hours: 1,500 hours.



^{*}Apostille Convention. In the event that the student wishes to have their paper diploma issued with an apostille, TECH Global University will make the necessary arrangements to obtain it, at an additional cost.



Master's Degree Respiratory Physiotherapy in Rehabilitation Medicine

- » Modality: Online
- » Duration: 12 months.
- Certificate: TECH Global University
- » Accreditation: 60 ECTS
- » Dedication: 16h/week
- » Schedule: at your own pace
- » Exams: online

