

Professional Master's Degree Multimedia Design





Professional Master's Degree Multimedia Design

- » Modality: online
- » Duration: 12 months
- » Certificate: TECH Technological University
- » Dedication: 16h/week
- » Schedule: at your own pace
- » Exams: online

Website: www.techtitute.com/pk/information-technology/professional-master-degree/master-multimedia-design

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01

Introduction

Multimedia Design is here to stay. With it, the need for professionals to update or educate themselves in all the technical, aesthetic and communicative aspects of this type of constantly evolving development. This comprehensive program will show you how to create a quality multimedia project, from the seed of a small idea to its publication and dissemination. With the quality of a top-level program.





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Learn how to turn ideas into impactful and notorious multimedia projects, with the most up-to-date knowledge of this sector in a comfortable and flexible program"

Through an exclusive methodology this Professional Master's Degree will take you into the territory of audiovisual culture. Graphic design professionals need to know the audiovisual phenomena that move in the same paradigms of graphic communication. The influence of some media on others, the different combinations of media and the new graphic products that incorporate different techniques and approaches from other communicative areas, are a knowledge that will open new lines of thought and work.

In this sense, having knowledge in all possible aspects of work is a gateway to very interesting possibilities and new avenues to explore.

Therefore, this program will address the aspects that a designer needs to know to plan, develop and finalize any audiovisual project. A formative program that will help students to achieve success in the challenges of a first-class professional.

Multimedia Design is presented as a viable option for a professional who decides to work independently but also to be part of any organization or company. An interesting avenue of professional development that will benefit from the specific knowledge that we now make available to you in this program.

This **Professional Master's Degree in Multimedia Design** contains the most complete and up-to-date program on the market. The most important features include:

- ♦ Development of a Large Number of Case Studies Presented by Experts
- ♦ Graphic, schematic, and highly practical contents
- ♦ The latest developments and cutting-edge advances in this field
- ♦ Practical Exercises where the Self-assessment Process can be Carried Out in Order to Improve Learning
- ♦ Innovative and highly efficient methodologies
- ♦ Theoretical lessons, questions to the expert, debate forums on controversial topics, and individual reflection assignments
- ♦ Content that is accessible from any fixed or portable device with an Internet connection



This program will allow you to enhance your skills and update your knowledge in Multimedia Design"

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A complete and up-to-date program that will allow you to learn all the tools you need to develop multimedia projects, with a clear vision in the practical learning of its use"

The Development of this Course is Focused on the Practice of the Proposed Theoretical Learning Through the most effective teaching systems, proven methods imported from the most prestigious universities in the world, you will be able to acquire new knowledge in a practical way. In this way, TECH strives to convert its efforts into real and immediate competencies.

The online system is another strength of the educational program. With an interactive platform that has the advantages of the latest technological developments, the most interactive digital tools made available. This way, it is possible to offer a way of learning that is totally adaptable to students' needs, so they can perfectly combine this program with their personal or working life.

Boost your profession by incorporating the professional's perspective, through a complete program designed to teach you how to turn ideas into projects.

A training program created to allow you to implement your acquired knowledge into your daily practice in an almost immediate way.



02 Objectives

With this Professional Master's Degree, students will learn to develop a complete Multimedia Design project, promoting creative thinking and providing it with confidence through the specific knowledge of the demands that the sector imposes on its professionals.



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You will learn how to decide to express ideas using the most appropriate media in each case to give your multimedia designs the best chance of success"



General Objectives

- ♦ Develop a complete Multimedia Design project
- ♦ Determine the appropriate tools for its development
- ♦ Define the ideal techniques for each graphic communicative situation
- ♦ Perform the whole process of creating pieces and adapting them to different formats

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An opportunity created for professionals who are looking for an intensive and effective program to take a significant step forward in the practice of their profession”





Specific Objectives

Module 1. Audiovisual Culture

- ◆ Acquire the ability to integrate knowledge and generate new knowledge
- ◆ Gather and interpret relevant data to make judgments that include reflection on relevant social, scientific or ethical issues
- ◆ Be able to convey information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialized and non-specialized audiences
- ◆ Employ convergent and divergent thinking in the processes of observation, research, speculation, visualization and action
- ◆ Recognize cultural diversity in the context of contemporary societies
- ◆ Develop aesthetic sensitivity and cultivate the faculty of aesthetic appreciation

Module 2. Introduction to Color

- ◆ Understand the importance of color in the visual environment
- ◆ Acquire the capacity to observe, organize, distinguish between and manage color
- ◆ Apply the psychological and semiotic foundations of color in design
- ◆ Capture, manipulate and prepare color for its use in physical and virtual supports
- ◆ Acquire the ability to formulate independent judgments, by means of arguments
- ◆ Know how to document, by analyzing and interpreting documentary and literary sources with your own criteria

Module 3. Audiovisual Language

- ♦ Ability to use information and communication technologies (ICT) in different contexts and from a critical, creative and innovative perspective
- ♦ Understand the audiovisual language and its importance
- ♦ Know the basic parameters of a camera
- ♦ Know the elements of an audiovisual narration, its use and importance
- ♦ Be able to create audiovisual narratives, correctly applying usability and interactivity criteria
- ♦ Ability to use information and communication technologies (ICT) in different contexts and from a critical, creative and innovative perspective
- ♦ Understand the relationship between technology and other fields of human knowledge

Module 4. Motion Graphics

- ♦ Create animations with personality and style
- ♦ Create a first animation of a character
- ♦ Learn notions of time and space to apply in short graphics and visual projects
- ♦ Explore and understand the basic principles of animation
- ♦ Develop a visual and graphic style with its own identity
- ♦ Understand what *cartooning* is and analyze its development throughout graphic history

Module 5. Design for Television

- ♦ Write, develop, produce and coordinate digital design projects in the field of art, science and technology
- ♦ Know the scope of television throughout history and nowadays, bearing in mind the new platforms that break the traditional television model
- ♦ Understand the importance of the graphic identity of a television channel
- ♦ Be critical and analytical of *mass* media, assessing their advantages and disadvantages
- ♦ Getting started in the world of graphic compositing for television using After Effects
- ♦ Integrate After Effects design into different types of graphics projects

Module 6. 2D Animation

- ♦ Understand that animation is a medium that provides thematic freedom
- ♦ Know the means available for the development of 2D animation
- ♦ Interrelate 2D and 3D work environments for specific projects
- ♦ Optimize the use of resources to achieve new planned objectives
- ♦ Know and apply the principles of proportion in animated artistic representation
- ♦ Recognize the visual and compositional language in the development of an animation

Module 7. Animation Projects

- ◆ Know what *stop motion* is and its importance in the world of art and cinema
- ◆ Learn how to make an audiovisual production using the *stop motion* technique
- ◆ Understand the importance of a good narrative as a first step to create innovative projects that attract attention and work
- ◆ Build stories by defining characters, scenarios and events through the planning of a script of the animation and what will be developed
- ◆ Use techniques and strategies that encourage the creativity of the participants to create their stories
- ◆ Understand the methodology of project-based learning: idea generation, planning, objectives, strategies, resources, testing, error correction.

Module 8. Modeling

- ◆ Know the basic characteristics of 3D rendering systems
- ◆ Model, illuminate and texture 3D objects and environments
- ◆ Apply the fundamentals on which the different types of projection are based to the modeling of three-dimensional objects
- ◆ Know and understand how to apply concepts related to flat and three-dimensional representation in objects and scenes
- ◆ Know how to apply the different techniques that exist for modeling objects and use them according to their suitability depending on the geometry
- ◆ Know 3D modeling programs and specifically Blender

Module 9. Digital Photography

- ◆ Capture, manipulate and prepare the image for use in different media
- ◆ Know the basics of photographic and audiovisual technology
- ◆ Know the language and expressive resources of photography and audiovisals
- ◆ Know relevant photographic and audiovisual works
- ◆ Interrelate the formal and symbolic languages with the specific functionality
- ◆ Handle the basic lighting and measuring equipment in photography
- ◆ Understand the behavior and characteristics of light and valuing its expressive qualities

Module 10. Typography

- ◆ Know the main syntax of graphic language and apply its rules to clearly and precisely describe objects and ideas
- ◆ Know the origin of letters and their historical importance
- ◆ Recognize, study and apply typography to graphic processes in a coherent way
- ◆ Know and apply the fundamental aesthetics of typography
- ◆ Know how to analyze the layout of texts in the design object
- ◆ Be able to carry out professional work starting from typesetting

03 Skills

This Professional Master's Degree in Multimedia Design has been created as a high qualification tool for professionals, which will prepare them to be able to work in all fields related to this sector with the confidence of an area expert.

Build your own
beautiful website

Browse our 1000s of templates and choose one

Start Now



Fully responsive and
mobile optimized



Design directly on
the cloud from
anywhere



Very easy to set up



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This Professional Master's Degree will provide you with the essential personal and professional skills to intervene in all fields of Multimedia Design, with quality and confidence”



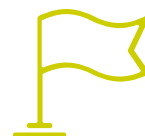
General Skills

- ♦ Create multimedia projects in any communicative context
- ♦ Analyze the co-existence of different plans
- ♦ Efficiently make an impact on target audiences
- ♦ Control the internal and external production processes of the pieces produced

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Enroll in the best Professional Master's Degree program in Multimedia Design in the current university panorama"





Specific Skills

- ♦ Describe the characteristics and influences of the audiovisual culture
- ♦ Manage colors in their graphic application
- ♦ Use audiovisual language(s)
- ♦ Create graphic animations
- ♦ Create 2D animations
- ♦ Develop an animation project
- ♦ Make a 3D model
- ♦ Know how to work with digital photography in all its aspects
- ♦ Efficiently use different typographs

04

Structure and Content

In this Professional Master's Degree, you will find all the theoretical and practical content you need to address each of the situations that the development of multimedia projects requires from professionals. With the study of the most appropriate tools and techniques for each project, you will be given a boost that will turn creativity into saleable and appreciable realities for any company in the sector.



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A complete journey of professional growth that will bring you up to date on everything the Multimedia Design professional needs to master to excel in their profession"

Module 1. Audiovisual Culture

- 1.1. Postmodernity in the Audiovisual Sector
 - 1.1.1. What Is Postmodernity?
 - 1.1.2. Mass Culture in the Postmodern Era
 - 1.1.3. The Irruption of Argumentative Discourse
 - 1.1.4. The Culture of Simulacrum
- 1.2. Semiotics: Symbols in Audiovisual Culture
 - 1.2.1. What Is Semiotics?
 - 1.2.2. Semiotics or Semiology?
 - 1.2.3. Semiotic Codes
 - 1.2.4. Visual Motifs
- 1.3. Learning to Look
 - 1.3.1. Image and Context
 - 1.3.2. The Ethnographic Perspective
 - 1.3.3. Photography as a Crossroads of Perspectives
 - 1.3.4. Visual Anthropology
- 1.4. Image Composition
 - 1.4.1. Notes
 - 1.4.2. Dynamic Balance
 - 1.4.3. Weight and Visual Direction
 - 1.4.4. Basic Rules
- 1.5. Aesthetics in Audiovisuals
 - 1.5.1. What Is Aesthetics?
 - 1.5.2. Aesthetic Categories
 - 1.5.3. The Grotesque and the Abject
 - 1.5.4. *Kitsch* and *Camp*
- 1.6. New and Renewed Audiovisual Forms
 - 1.6.1. Viral Video Art
 - 1.6.2. *Big Data* as an Artistic Practice
 - 1.6.3. *Video Mapping*
 - 1.6.4. The VJs
- 1.7. Intertextuality as a Creative Strategy
 - 1.7.1. What Is Intertextuality?
 - 1.7.2. Quotation
 - 1.7.3. Allusion
 - 1.7.4. Plagiarism
 - 1.7.5. Appropriationism
 - 1.7.6. Self-Referentiality
 - 1.7.7. Parody
- 1.8. Dialogue between the Arts
 - 1.8.1. Intermediality
 - 1.8.2. The Hybridization of the Arts
 - 1.8.3. Classicism and the Separation of the Arts
 - 1.8.4. Romanticism and the Definitive Union of the Arts
 - 1.8.5. The Total Art in the Avant-Garde
 - 1.8.6. Transmedia Narratives
- 1.9. The New Cinema
 - 1.9.1. The Relationship between Cinema, Culture and History
 - 1.9.2. An Unpredictable Technological Evolution
 - 1.9.3. Cinema Is Dead!
 - 1.9.4. Expanded Cinema
- 1.10. The Rise of the Documentary Film
 - 1.10.1. Documentaries
 - 1.10.2. Objectivity Strategies
 - 1.10.3. The Rise of the Mockumentary
 - 1.10.4. *Found Footage*

Module 2. Introduction to Color

- 2.1. Color, Principles and Properties
 - 2.1.1. Introduction to Color
 - 2.1.2. Light and Color: Chromatic Synaesthesia
 - 2.1.3. Color Attributes
 - 2.1.4. Pigments and Colorants

- 2.2. Colors in the Chromatic Circle
 - 2.2.1. Chromatic Circle
 - 2.2.2. Cool and Warm Colors
 - 2.2.3. Primary Colors and their Derivatives
 - 2.2.4. Chromatic Relationships: Harmony and Contrast
- 2.3. Color Psychology
 - 2.3.1. Construction of the Meaning of a Color
 - 2.3.2. Emotional Load
 - 2.3.3. Denotative and Connotative Values
 - 2.3.4. Emotional Marketing. The Charge of the Color
- 2.4. Color Theory
 - 2.4.1. A Scientific Theory. Isaac Newton
 - 2.4.2. Goethe's Theory of Colors
 - 2.4.3. Joining Goethe's Color Theory
 - 2.4.4. Psychology of Color According to Eva Heller
- 2.5. Insisting on Color Classification
 - 2.5.1. Guillermo Ostwald's Double Cone
 - 2.5.2. Albert Munsell's Solid
 - 2.5.3. The Alfredo Hicethier Cube
 - 2.5.4. The CIE Triangle (Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage)
- 2.6. Individual Study of Colors
 - 2.6.1. White and Black
 - 2.6.2. Neutral Colors. The Gray Scale
 - 2.6.3. Monochrome, Duochrome, Polychrome
 - 2.6.4. Symbolic and Psychological Aspects of Colors
- 2.7. Color Models
 - 2.7.1. Subtractive Model. CMYK Mode
 - 2.7.2. Additive Model. RGB Mode
 - 2.7.3. HSB Model
 - 2.7.4. Pantone System. Pantone Color Charts

- 2.8. From Bauhaus to Murakami
 - 2.8.1. Bauhaus and its Artists
 - 2.8.2. Gestalt Theory of Color
 - 2.8.3. Josef Albers. The Interaction of Color
 - 2.8.4. Murakami: Connotations of the Absence of Color
- 2.9. Color in Project Design
 - 2.9.1. Pop Art. Color of Cultures
 - 2.9.2. Creativity and Color
 - 2.9.3. Contemporary Artists
 - 2.9.4. Analysis of Diverse Optics and Perspectives
- 2.10. Color Management in the Digital Environment
 - 2.10.1. Color Spaces
 - 2.10.2. Color Profiles
 - 2.10.3. Monitor Calibration
 - 2.10.4. What We Should Consider

Module 3. Audiovisual Language

- 3.1. Audiovisual Language
 - 3.1.1. Definition and Structure
 - 3.1.2. The Functions of Audiovisual Language
 - 3.1.3. The Symbols of Audiovisual Language
 - 3.1.4. History, Sequence, Scene, Shot, Frame
- 3.2. Camera and the Sound
 - 3.2.1. Basic Concepts
 - 3.2.2. Camera Lenses
 - 3.2.3. The Importance of Sound
 - 3.2.4. Complementary Materials
- 3.3. The Composition of the Frame
 - 3.3.1. Frame Perception
 - 3.3.2. The Gestalt Theory
 - 3.3.3. Principles of Composition
 - 3.3.4. Lighting
 - 3.3.5. Assessing Shades

- 3.4. The Space
 - 3.4.1. The Film Space
 - 3.4.2. On-Screen and Off-Screen
 - 3.4.3. Types of Spaces
 - 3.4.4. The No-Spaces
- 3.5. Time
 - 3.5.1. The Filming Time
 - 3.5.2. The Sense of Continuity
 - 3.5.3. Changes in Time: *Flashback* and *Flashforward*
- 3.6. Dynamic Printing
 - 3.6.1. Rhythm
 - 3.6.2. The Assembly as a Marker of Rhythm
 - 3.6.3. The Origins of Assembly and Its Relationship to Modern Life
- 3.7. The Movement
 - 3.7.1. Types of Movement
 - 3.7.2. Camera Movements
 - 3.7.3. Accessories
- 3.8. Film Grammar
 - 3.8.1. The Audiovisual Process Scale
 - 3.8.2. The Shot
 - 3.8.3. Types of Shots
 - 3.8.4. Types of Shots According to the Angle
- 3.9. The Dramatization of the Plot
 - 3.9.1. Script Structure
 - 3.9.2. History, Argument and Style
 - 3.9.3. The Syd Field Paradigm
 - 3.9.4. Types of Narrators
- 3.10. Character Building
 - 3.10.1. The Character in Today's Narrative
 - 3.10.2. The Hero According to Joseph Campbell
 - 3.10.3. The Post-Classical Hero
 - 3.10.4. Robert McKee's 10 Commandments
 - 3.10.5. Character Transformation
 - 3.10.6. Anagnorisis



Module 4. Motion Graphics

- 4.1. Introduction to Motion Graphics
 - 4.1.1. What Is a *Motion Graphic*?
 - 4.1.2. Function
 - 4.1.3. Features
 - 4.1.4. *Motion Graphic* Techniques
- 4.2. *Cartooning*
 - 4.2.1. What Is It?
 - 4.2.2. Basic Principles of *Cartooning*
 - 4.2.3. Volumetric vs. Graphic Design
 - 4.2.4. References
- 4.3. Character Design Throughout History
 - 4.3.1. The 20s: Rubber Hose
 - 4.3.2. The 40s: Preston Blair
 - 4.3.3. The 50s and 60s: Cubism Cartoon
 - 4.3.4. Complementary Characters
- 4.4. Introduction to Character Animation in After Effects
 - 4.4.1. Animation Method
 - 4.4.2. Vector Movement
 - 4.4.3. Animated Principles
 - 4.4.4. *Timing*
- 4.5. Project: Character Animation
 - 4.5.1. Ideas Generation
 - 4.5.2. *Storyboard*
 - 4.5.3. First Phase in Character Design
 - 4.5.4. Second Phase in Character Design
- 4.6. Project: *Layout* Development
 - 4.6.1. What Do We Understand by *Layout* ?
 - 4.6.2. First Steps in *Layout* Development
 - 4.6.3. Consolidating *Layouts*
 - 4.6.4. Creating the *Animatic*

- 4.7. Project: Visual Development of the Character
 - 4.7.1. Visual Development of the Character
 - 4.7.2. Visual Development of the Background
 - 4.7.3. Visual Development of the Extra Elements
 - 4.7.4. Corrections and Adjustments
- 4.8. Project: Scene Development
 - 4.8.1. Creating Sketches
 - 4.8.2. *Styleframes*
 - 4.8.3. Prepare Designs for Animation
 - 4.8.4. Corrections
- 4.9. Project: Animation I
 - 4.9.1. Scene Configuration
 - 4.9.2. First Movements
 - 4.9.3. Fluidity of Movement
 - 4.9.4. Visual Corrections
- 4.10. Project: Animation II
 - 4.10.1. Animating the Character's Face
 - 4.10.2. Considering Facial Expressions
 - 4.10.3. Animating Actions
 - 4.10.4. Action of Walking
 - 4.10.5. Submission of Proposals

Module 5. Design for Television

- 5.1. The Television World
 - 5.1.1. How Does Television Influence Our Lifestyle?
 - 5.1.2. Some Scientific Data
 - 5.1.3. Graphic Design in Television
 - 5.1.4. Design Guidelines for Television
- 5.2. Television Effects
 - 5.2.1. Learning Effects
 - 5.2.2. Emotional Effects
 - 5.2.3. Answer Effects
 - 5.2.4. Behavioral Effects

- 5.3. Television and Consumption
 - 5.3.1. Television Advertising Consumption
 - 5.3.2. Measures for Critical Consumption
 - 5.3.3. Viewers' Associations
 - 5.3.4. New Platforms in Television Consumption
- 5.4. Television Identity
 - 5.4.1. Talk about Television Identity
 - 5.4.2. Identity Functions in Television Media
 - 5.4.3. TV *Branding*
 - 5.4.4. Graphical Examples
- 5.5. Screen Design Specifications
 - 5.5.1. General Specifications
 - 5.5.2. Security Area
 - 5.5.3. Optimization
 - 5.5.4. Text Considerations
 - 5.5.5. Image and Graphics
- 5.6. Adobe After Effects: Getting to Know the Interface
 - 5.6.1. What Is This Program For?
 - 5.6.2. Interface and Workspace
 - 5.6.3. Main Tools
 - 5.6.4. Create Compositions, Save File and Render
- 5.7. Adobe After Effects: First Animations
 - 5.7.1. *Layers*
 - 5.7.2. Keyframes *Keyframes*:
 - 5.7.3. Animation Examples
 - 5.7.4. Speed Curves
- 5.8. Adobe After Effects: Text Animations and Backgrounds
 - 5.8.1. Creating Screens to Animate
 - 5.8.2. Screen Animation: First Steps
 - 5.8.3. Screen Animation: Getting to Know the Tools
 - 5.8.4. Editing and Rendering

- 5.9. Sound in Audiovisual Production
 - 5.9.1. Audio is Important
 - 5.9.2. Basic Principles of Sound
 - 5.9.3. Working with Sound in Adobe After Effects
 - 5.9.4. Exporting Sound in Adobe After Effects
- 5.10. Creating a Project in Adobe After Effects
 - 5.10.1. Visual References
 - 5.10.2. Project Characteristics
 - 5.10.3. Ideas, What Do I Want to Do?
 - 5.10.4. Making My Audiovisual Project

Module 6. 2D Animation

- 6.1. Introduction to 2D Animation
 - 6.1.1. What Is 2D Animation?
 - 6.1.2. Origin and Evolution of 2D
 - 6.1.3. Traditional Animation
 - 6.1.4. Projects Carried out in 2D
- 6.2. Principles of Animation I
 - 6.2.1. Context
 - 6.2.2. *Squash and Stretch*
 - 6.2.3. *Anticipation*
 - 6.2.4. *Staging*
- 6.3. Principles of Animation II
 - 6.3.1. *Straight Ahead Action and Pose to Pose*
 - 6.3.2. *Follow Through and Overlapping Action*
 - 6.3.3. *Slow In and Slow Out*
 - 6.3.4. *Arcs*
 - 6.3.5. *Secondary Action*
- 6.4. Principles of Animation III
 - 6.4.1. *Timing*
 - 6.4.2. *Exaggeration*
 - 6.4.3. *Solid Drawing*
 - 6.4.4. *Appeal*

- 6.5. Digital Animation
 - 6.5.1. Digital Key Animation and Interpolation
 - 6.5.2. *Cartoon animation* vs. Virtual Characters
 - 6.5.3. Digital Animation with Nesting and Logic
 - 6.5.4. Emergence of New Animation Techniques
- 6.6. Team Animation Roles
 - 6.6.1. Animation Director
 - 6.6.2. Animation Supervisor
 - 6.6.3. The Animator
 - 6.6.4. The Assistant and the Interleaver
- 6.7. 2D Animated Short Films References
 - 6.7.1. Paperman
 - 6.7.2. Morning Cowboy
 - 6.7.3. My Moon
 - 6.7.4. Practice I: In Search of Short Films
- 6.8. Animation Project: Build Your City
 - 6.8.1. Initiation: 3D Tool in Illustrator
 - 6.8.2. Choice of Typeface
 - 6.8.3. Development of the City
 - 6.8.4. Construction of Secondary Elements
 - 6.8.5. The Cars
- 6.9. Animation Project: Animating Elements
 - 6.9.1. Exporting to Adobe After Effects
 - 6.9.2. Animating Main Elements
 - 6.9.3. Animating Secondary Elements
 - 6.9.4. Final Animation
- 6.10. Adapt to New Screens End of Project
 - 6.10.1. Innovative Screens
 - 6.10.2. Render
 - 6.10.3. *HandBrake*
 - 6.10.4. Introduction

Module 7. Animation Projects

- 7.1 Introduction to *Stop Motion*
 - 7.1.1. Definition of Concept
 - 7.1.2. Differences between *Stop Motion* and Cartoons
 - 7.1.3. *Stop Motion* Uses and Principles
 - 7.1.4. Types of *Stop Motion*
- 7.2. Historical Context
 - 7.2.1. The Start of *Stop Motion*
 - 7.2.2. *Stop Motion* as a Visual Effects Technique
 - 7.2.3. The Evolution of *Stop Motion*
 - 7.2.4. Bibliographical References
- 7.3. Thinking of Animation
 - 7.3.1. Basic Animation Concepts
 - 7.3.2. Materials and Tools
 - 7.3.3. *Stop Motion* Animation Software
 - 7.3.4. *Stop Motion* Studio for Cell Phones
- 7.4. Technical Aspects of *Stop Motion*
 - 7.4.1. The Camera
 - 7.4.2. Lighting
 - 7.4.3. Editing
 - 7.4.4. Editing Programs
- 7.5. Creating Stories
 - 7.5.1. How to Create a Story?
 - 7.5.2. Elements in the Narrative
 - 7.5.3. Figure of the Narrator
 - 7.5.4. Tips for Creating Short Stories
- 7.6. Creating Characters
 - 7.6.1. Creative Process
 - 7.6.2. Types of Characters
 - 7.6.3. Character Sheet
 - 7.6.4. Practice I: Create a Character Sheet

- 7.7. The Creation of *Stop Motion* Puppets
 - 7.7.1. Storytelling with Puppets
 - 7.7.2. Granting Characteristics
 - 7.7.3. Materials
 - 7.7.4. Visual References
- 7.8. Creating Scenes
 - 7.8.1. Scenography
 - 7.8.2. The Importance of a Good Scene
 - 7.8.3. Budget Delimitation
 - 7.8.4. Visual References
- 7.9. Animation in *Stop Motion*
 - 7.9.1. Object Animation
 - 7.9.2. Cutout Animation
 - 7.9.3. Silhouettes
 - 7.9.4. Shadow Theater
- 7.10. *Stop Motion* Projects
 - 7.10.1. Presentation and Explanation of the Project
 - 7.10.2. Search for Ideas and References
 - 7.10.3. Preparing Our Project
 - 7.10.4. Analysis of Results

Module 8. Modeling

- 8.1. Introduction
 - 8.1.1. Volume
 - 8.1.2. Volume and Capacity
 - 8.1.3. Types of 3D Modeling Software
 - 8.1.4. Modeling Projects References
- 8.2. 3D Infographics
 - 8.2.1. What Are 3D Infographics?
 - 8.2.2. Types. Visual References
 - 8.2.3. 3D Computer Graphics in the Architectural Field
 - 8.2.4. Types of 3D Infographics





- 8.3. Introduction to Blender
 - 8.3.1. Getting to Know the Interface
 - 8.3.2. Panels and Perspectives
 - 8.3.3. Render
 - 8.3.4. Practice I: Creating a Render
- 8.4. Blender Elements
 - 8.4.1. 3D Text
 - 8.4.2. Color and Textures
 - 8.4.3. 3D Animation
 - 8.4.4. Modeling for 3D Printing
- 8.5. Lighting in Blender
 - 8.5.1. Ambient Lighting
 - 8.5.2. Practice II: Setting Up a Scene with Ambient Lighting
 - 8.5.3. Indirect Lighting
 - 8.5.4. Practice III: Setting Up a Scene with Indirect Lighting
- 8.6. Guided Realization of Objects in Blender
 - 8.6.1. Exercise 1: Free Composition
 - 8.6.2. Exercise 2: Modeling a Glass
 - 8.6.3. Exercise 3: Modeling a Cup
 - 8.6.4. Exercise 4: Modeling a Chair
- 8.7. Modeling from Given Features
 - 8.7.1. Model 1: Copy the Element According to the View
 - 8.7.2. Model 2: Model Organic Element
 - 8.7.3. Model 3: Object with Glass Surface
 - 8.7.4. Model 4: Light Transmitting Object
- 8.8. Project: Art Showroom
 - 8.8.1. Presentation and Explanation of the Project
 - 8.8.2. What Is the Theme of My Room? Justification
 - 8.8.3. Project Objectives
 - 8.8.4. *Naming* Ideas and 3D Design

- 8.9. Art Showroom: Design on Floor Plan
 - 8.9.1. Sketches of the Artistic Room on Floor Plan
 - 8.9.2. Consideration of Measurements
 - 8.9.3. Raising Blender Floor Plans
 - 8.9.4. Application of Color, Textures, Detail Correction
- 8.10. Artistic Exhibit Hall: Placement of Elements
 - 8.10.1. Design of Extra Elements Rendering
 - 8.10.2. Location of Elements Shots
 - 8.10.3. Lighting Location Shots
 - 8.10.4. Final Presentation Rendering

Module 9. Digital Photography

- 9.1. Introduction to the Contemporary Photographic Medium
 - 9.1.1. Origins of Photography: The Camera Obscura
 - 9.1.2. Fixing Images Milestones: The Daguerreotype and the Calotype.
 - 9.1.3. Pinhole Camera
 - 9.1.4. The Photographic Snapshot Kodak and the Popularization of the Medium
- 9.2. Principles of Digital Photography
 - 9.2.1. *Street Photography*: Photography as a Social Mirror
 - 9.2.2. Digital Image Fundamentals
 - 9.2.3. JPG and RAW
 - 9.2.4. Digital Laboratory
- 9.3. Concepts, Equipment and Photography Techniques
 - 9.3.1. Camera: Visual Angle and Lenses
 - 9.3.2. Exposure Meter Exposure Adjustment
 - 9.3.3. Image Control Elements
 - 9.3.4. Practice I: Controlling the Camera
- 9.4. Lighting
 - 9.4.1. Natural Light and Its Importance
 - 9.4.2. Properties of Light
 - 9.4.3. Continuous Light and Modeling Light
 - 9.4.4. Lighting Schemes
 - 9.4.5. Accessories to Manipulate Light
 - 9.4.6. Backgrounds Commercial Tools
- 9.5. Flash
 - 9.5.1. Main Functions of a Flash Unit
 - 9.5.2. Types of Flash
 - 9.5.3. Torch Flash
 - 9.5.4. Advantages and Disadvantages
- 9.6. Photography with Professional Camera
 - 9.6.1. *Lifestyle Photography* Searching for Corners
 - 9.6.2. Practice II: Light Effects
 - 9.6.3. Practice III Negative Spaces
 - 9.6.4. Practice IV: Capture Emotion
- 9.7. Mobile Photography: Introduction
 - 9.7.1. Our Pocket Camera and Other Materials
 - 9.7.2. Achieving the Best Quality
 - 9.7.3. Composition Tricks
 - 9.7.4. Creating Ambience
- 9.8. Mobile Photography: Project
 - 9.8.1. *Flat Lay*
 - 9.8.2. Indoor Photography
 - 9.8.3. Creative Ideas Where to Start?
 - 9.8.4. Practice VI: First Photographs
- 9.9. Mobile Photography: Editing
 - 9.9.1. Editing Photos with *Snapseed*
 - 9.9.2. Editing Photos with VSCO
 - 9.9.3. Editing Photos with Instagram
 - 9.9.4. Practice IV: Editing Your Photographs
- 9.10. The Creative Photography Project
 - 9.10.1. Reference Authors in Contemporary Photographic Creation
 - 9.10.2. The Photographic Portfolio
 - 9.10.3. Visual Portfolio References
 - 9.10.4. Build Your Results Portfolio

Module 10. Typography

- 10.1. Introduction to Typography
 - 10.1.1. What is Typography?
 - 10.1.2. The Role of Typography in Graphic Design
 - 10.1.3. Sequencing, Contrast, Shape and Countershape
 - 10.1.4. Relationship and Differences between Typography, Calligraphy and *Lettering*
- 10.2. Multiple Origins of Writing
 - 10.2.1. Ideographic Writing
 - 10.2.2. The Phoenician Alphabet
 - 10.2.3. The Roman Alphabet
 - 10.2.4. The Carolingian Reform
 - 10.2.5. The Modern Latin Alphabet
- 10.3. The Beginnings of Typography
 - 10.3.1. The Printing Press, a New Era. First Typographies
 - 10.3.2. The Industrial Revolution: Lithography
 - 10.3.3. Modernism: The Beginnings of Commercial Typography
 - 10.3.4. The Avant-Garde
 - 10.3.5. Interwar Period
- 10.4. The Role of Design Schools in Typography
 - 10.4.1. Bauhaus
 - 10.4.2. Herbert Bayer
 - 10.4.3. Gestalt Psychology
 - 10.4.4. Swiss Design
- 10.5. Current Typography
 - 10.5.1. 1960-1970, Precursors of the Uprising
 - 10.5.2. Post-Modernism, Deconstructivism and Technology
 - 10.5.3. In What Direction is Typography Going?
 - 10.5.4. Typographies that Mark Trends
- 10.6. The Typographic Form I
 - 10.6.1. Anatomy of Letters
 - 10.6.2. Measurements and Attributes of the Type
 - 10.6.3. Typographic Families
 - 10.6.4. High Box, Low Box and Small Caps
 - 10.6.5. Difference between Typography, Font and Typeface Family
 - 10.6.6. Fillets, Lines and Geometric Elements
- 10.7. The Typographic Form II
 - 10.7.1. The Typographic Combination
 - 10.7.2. Typeface Formats (*PostScript-TrueType-OpenType*)
 - 10.7.3. Typographic Licenses
 - 10.7.4. Who Should Buy the License? The Client or the Designer?
- 10.8. Typographic Correction: The Composition of the Text
 - 10.8.1. Spacing Between Letters: *Tracking* and *Kerning*
 - 10.8.2. Space Between Words. Quad
 - 10.8.3. Line Spacing
 - 10.8.4. The Body of the Text
 - 10.8.5. Attribute of the Text
- 10.9. The Drawing of the Letters
 - 10.9.1. Creative Process
 - 10.9.2. Traditional and Digital Materials
 - 10.9.3. The Use of the Graphics Tablet and the iPad
 - 10.9.4. Digital Typography: Contours and Bitmaps
- 10.10. Typographic Posters
 - 10.10.1. Calligraphy as a Basis for the Drawing of Letters
 - 10.10.2. How to Create a Typographic Composition that Makes an Impact?
 - 10.10.3. Visual References
 - 10.10.4. Doodle Phase
 - 10.10.5. Project

05 Methodology

This academic program offers students a different way of learning. Our methodology uses a cyclical learning approach: **Relearning**.

This teaching system is used, for example, in the most prestigious medical schools in the world, and major publications such as the **New England Journal of Medicine** have considered it to be one of the most effective.



“

Discover Relearning, a system that abandons conventional linear learning, to take you through cyclical teaching systems: a way of learning that has proven to be extremely effective, especially in subjects that require memorization"

Case Study to contextualize all content

Our program offers a revolutionary approach to developing skills and knowledge. Our goal is to strengthen skills in a changing, competitive, and highly demanding environment.

“

At TECH, you will experience a learning methodology that is shaking the foundations of traditional universities around the world"



You will have access to a learning system based on repetition, with natural and progressive teaching throughout the entire syllabus.



The student will learn to solve complex situations in real business environments through collaborative activities and real cases.

A learning method that is different and innovative

This TECH program is an intensive educational program, created from scratch, which presents the most demanding challenges and decisions in this field, both nationally and internationally. This methodology promotes personal and professional growth, representing a significant step towards success. The case method, a technique that lays the foundation for this content, ensures that the most current economic, social and professional reality is taken into account.

“*Our program prepares you to face new challenges in uncertain environments and achieve success in your career”*

The case method has been the most widely used learning system among the world's leading Information Technology schools for as long as they have existed. The case method was developed in 1912 so that law students would not only learn the law based on theoretical content. It consisted of presenting students with real-life, complex situations for them to make informed decisions and value judgments on how to resolve them. In 1924, Harvard adopted it as a standard teaching method.

What should a professional do in a given situation? This is the question that you are presented with in the case method, an action-oriented learning method. Throughout the course, students will be presented with multiple real cases. They will have to combine all their knowledge and research, and argue and defend their ideas and decisions.

Relearning Methodology

TECH effectively combines the Case Study methodology with a 100% online learning system based on repetition, which combines different teaching elements in each lesson.

We enhance the Case Study with the best 100% online teaching method: Relearning.

In 2019, we obtained the best learning results of all online universities in the world.

At TECH, you will learn using a cutting-edge methodology designed to train the executives of the future. This method, at the forefront of international teaching, is called Relearning.

Our university is the only one in the world authorized to employ this successful method. In 2019, we managed to improve our students' overall satisfaction levels (teaching quality, quality of materials, course structure, objectives...) based on the best online university indicators.



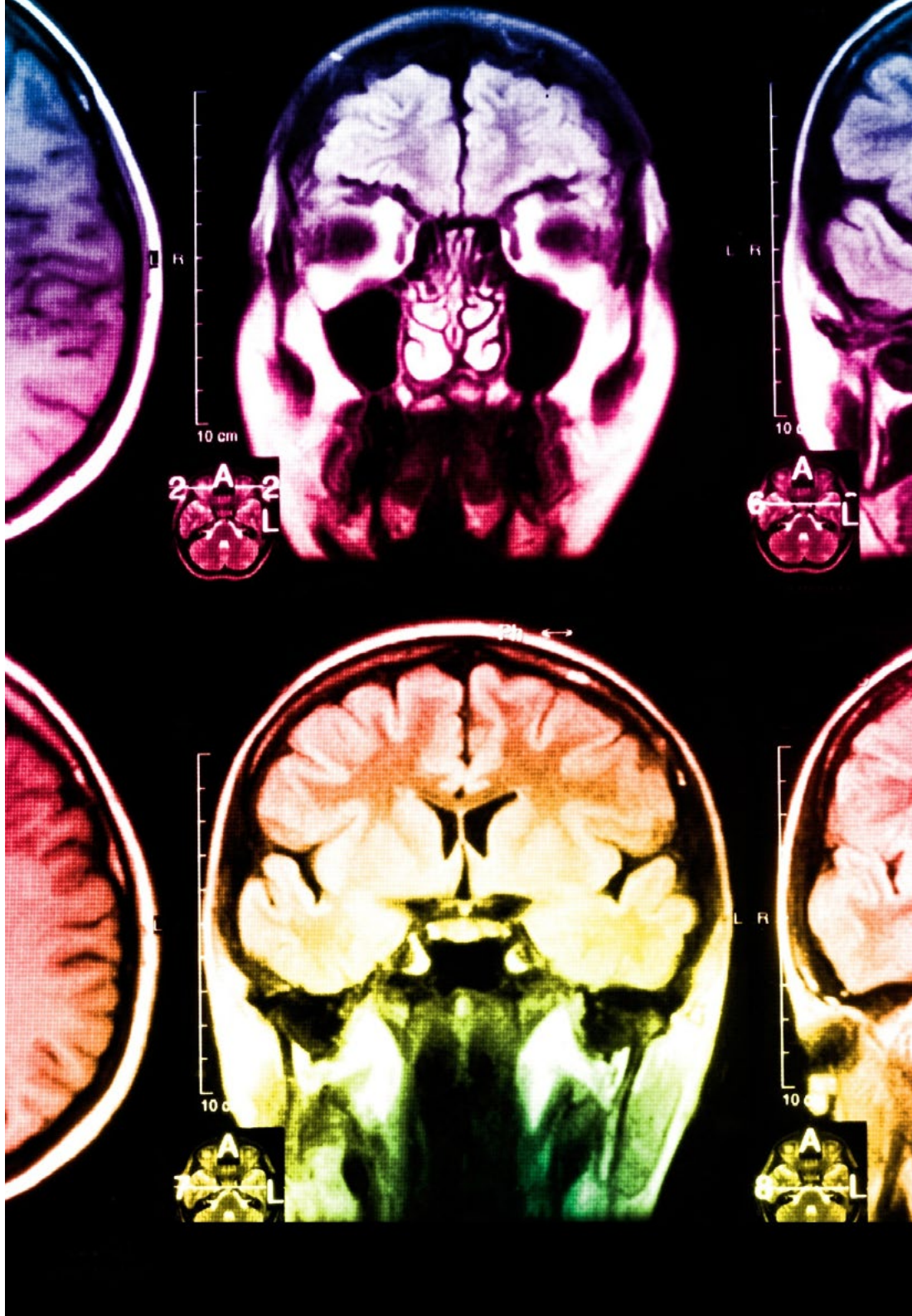
In our program, learning is not a linear process, but rather a spiral (learn, unlearn, forget, and re-learn). Therefore, we combine each of these elements concentrically.

This methodology has trained more than 650,000 university graduates with unprecedented success in fields as diverse as biochemistry, genetics, surgery, international law, management skills, sports science, philosophy, law, engineering, journalism, history, and financial markets and instruments. All this in a highly demanding environment, where the students have a strong socio-economic profile and an average age of 43.5 years.

Relearning will allow you to learn with less effort and better performance, involving you more in your training, developing a critical mindset, defending arguments, and contrasting opinions: a direct equation for success.

From the latest scientific evidence in the field of neuroscience, not only do we know how to organize information, ideas, images and memories, but we know that the place and context where we have learned something is fundamental for us to be able to remember it and store it in the hippocampus, to retain it in our long-term memory.

In this way, and in what is called neurocognitive context-dependent e-learning, the different elements in our program are connected to the context where the individual carries out their professional activity.



This program offers the best educational material, prepared with professionals in mind:



Study Material

All teaching material is produced by the specialists who teach the course, specifically for the course, so that the teaching content is highly specific and precise.

These contents are then adapted in audiovisual format, to create the TECH online working method. All this, with the latest techniques that offer high-quality pieces in each and every one of the materials that are made available to the student.



Classes

There is scientific evidence suggesting that observing third-party experts can be useful.

Learning from an Expert strengthens knowledge and memory, and generates confidence in future difficult decisions.



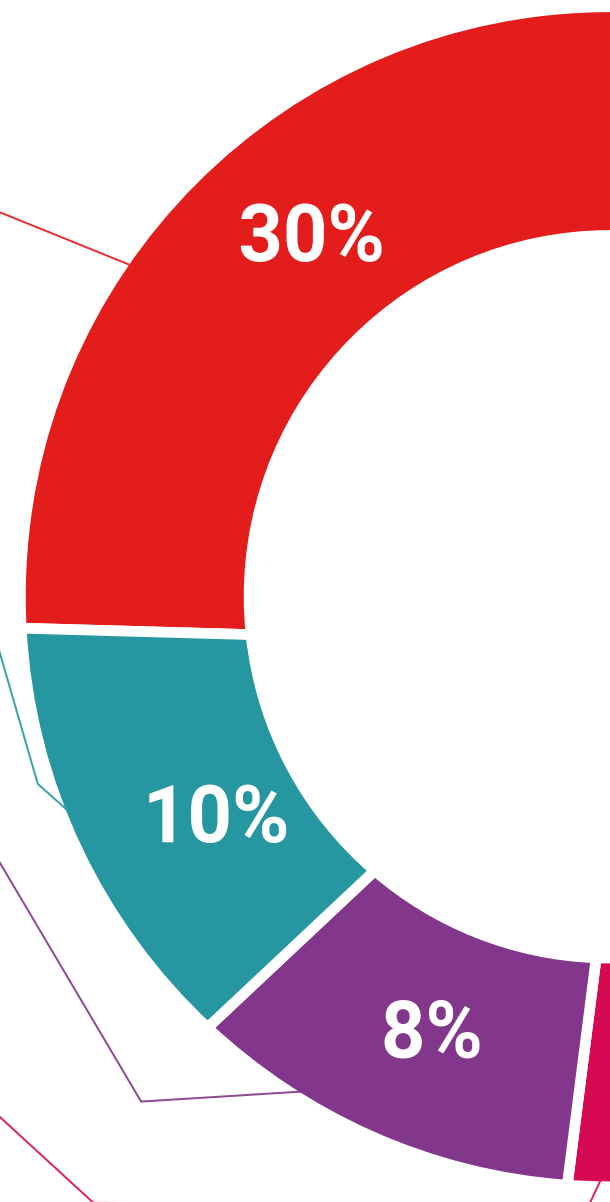
Practising Skills and Abilities

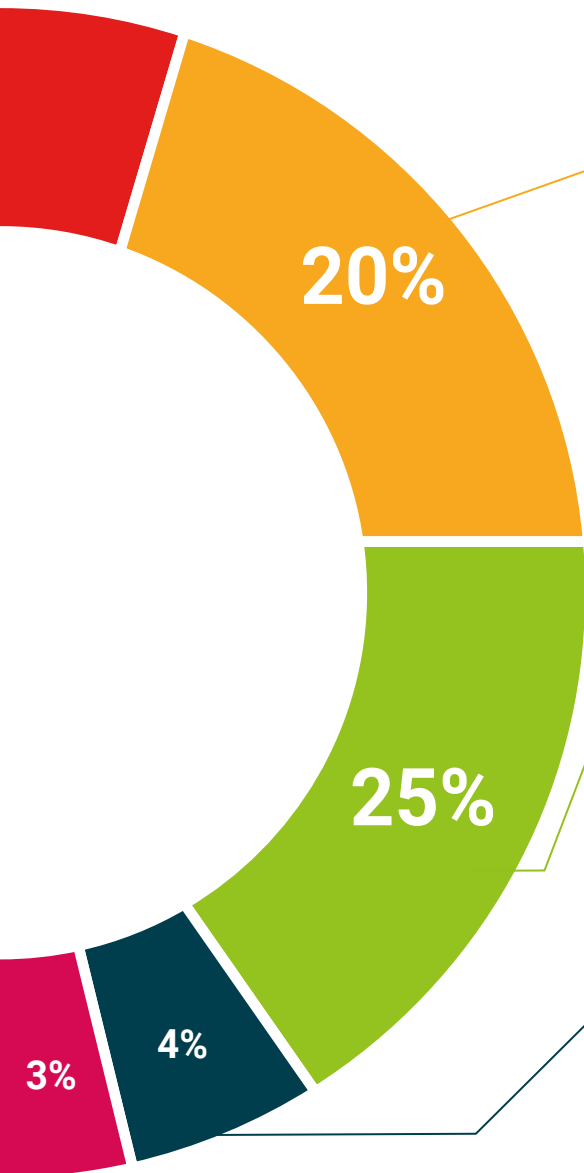
They will carry out activities to develop specific competencies and skills in each thematic area. Exercises and activities to acquire and develop the skills and abilities that a specialist needs to develop in the context of the globalization that we are experiencing.



Additional Reading

Recent articles, consensus documents and international guidelines, among others. In TECH's virtual library, students will have access to everything they need to complete their course.





Case Studies

Students will complete a selection of the best case studies chosen specifically for this program. Cases that are presented, analyzed, and supervised by the best specialists in the world.



Interactive Summaries

The TECH team presents the contents attractively and dynamically in multimedia lessons that include audio, videos, images, diagrams, and concept maps in order to reinforce knowledge.

This exclusive educational system for presenting multimedia content was awarded by Microsoft as a "European Success Story".



Testing & Retesting

We periodically evaluate and re-evaluate students' knowledge throughout the program, through assessment and self-assessment activities and exercises, so that they can see how they are achieving their goals.



06 Certificate

This Professional Master's Degree Multimedia Design guarantees students, in addition to the most rigorous and up-to-date education, access to a Professional Master's Degree issued by TECH Technological University



“

Successfully complete this program and receive your university qualification without having to travel or fill out laborious paperwork”

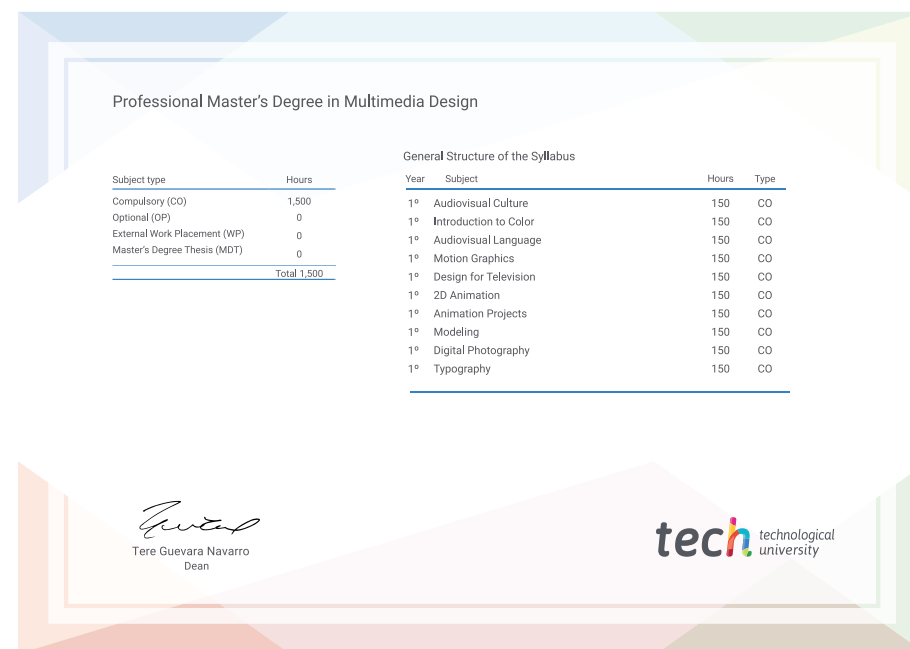
This **Professional Master's Degree in Multimedia Design** contains the most complete and up-to-date scientific program the market.

After the student has passed the assessments, they will receive their corresponding **Professional Master's Degree** issued by **TECH Technological University** via tracked delivery*.

The certificate issued by **TECH Technological University** will reflect the qualification obtained in the Professional Master's Degree, and meets the requirements commonly demanded by labor exchanges, competitive examinations and professional career evaluation committees.

Title: **Professional Master's Degree in Multimedia Design**

Official Number of Hours: **1,500 h.**





Professional Master's Degree

Multimedia Design

- » Modality: online
- » Duration: 12 months
- » Certificate: TECH Technological University
- » Dedication: 16h/week
- » Schedule: at your own pace
- » Exams: online

Professional Master's Degree

Multimedia Design

